

STIC Search Report Biotech-Chem Library

STIC Database Tracking Number: 176380

TO: Marcela Cordero Garcia Location: rem/3C35/3C18

Art Unit: 1654

Friday, January 20, 2006

Case Serial Number: 10/822639

From: John DiNatale

Location: Biotech-Chem Library

REM-1B65

Phone: (571)272-2557

john.dinatale@uspto.gov

Search Notes

Examiner Cordero Garcia,

See attached results.

If you have any questions about this search feel free to contact me at any time.

Thank you for using STIC search services!

John DiNatale Technical Information Specialist STIC Biotech/Chem Library (571)272-2557



BE HEEL

Scientific and Technical Information Center

SEARCH REQUEST FORM

SEARCH REQUEST FORM	
Requester's Full Name: MARCELA M CORDERO GARIA Examiner #: 80381 Date: 1/11/06	
Art Unit: 1654 Phone Number: 2-2939 Serial Number: 10/022, 037	
Location (Blde/Room#): REM3(3C(Mailbox #): 3C18 Results Format Preferred (circle): PAPER DISK	

To ensure an efficient and quality search, please attach a copy of the cover sheet, claims, and abstract or fill out the following:	
Title of Invention: MIXTURES OF ISOBARICALLY LARGED ANALWES AND	
Inventors (please provide full names): (SEE ATTACHD BIB DS)	
Triventors (piease provide full names).	
Earliest Priority Date: 1/5/04	
Search Topic:	
Please provide a detailed statement of the search topic, and describe as specifically as possible the subject matter to be searched. Include the elected species or structures, keywords, synonyms, acronyms, and registry numbers, and combine with the concept or utility of the invention. Define any terms that may have a special meaning. Give examples or relevant citations, authors, etc., if known.	
For Sequence Searches Only Please include all pertinent information (parent, child, divisional, or issued patent numbers) along with the	
appropriate serial number.	
PLEASE SEARCH A MIXTURE OF THE COMPOUNDS:	
¹⁸ O. O.	
13C-Analyte WHEREIN ANALYTE =	
HaC:N N-'YC: HaC:N 'YN'	
13C-13C PEPTIDE / PROTEIN	•
IF ONLY APPLICANT'S OWN WORK FOUND, PLEASE BROADEN SEARCE	:H
TO ENCOMPASS AT LEAST TWO OF THE FOLLOWING COMPOUNDS:	
18 ₀	
H-C-N N-13C H-C-N 15N 15N	
H ₃ C-N N-C H ₃ C-N N-C WHEREIN ANALYTE =	
OPEN	
(ANY MOLEWLE)	
Analyte and Analyte OR ATOMS	
H ₃ C-N 13n 13n	
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	
THE WAY OF WAS	
******************************	
STAFF USE ONLY Type of Search Vendors and cost where applicable	
Searcher:        NA Sequence (#)        STN        Dialog	
Searcher Phone #: AA Sequence (#) Questel/Orbit Lexis/Nexis	
Searcher Location:Structure (#)WestlawWWW/Internet	
Date Searcher Picked Up: Bibliographic In-house sequence systems	
Date Completed:LitigationInterferenceSPDIEncode/TranslOther (specify)	
Searcher Prep & Review Time:Fulltext	

# Search history

Cordero-Garcia 10/822639

=> d his full

```
(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 10:13:10 ON 20 JAN 2006)
    FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:13:24 ON 20 JAN 2006
L1
               SCREEN 2039
               STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L2
             1 SEA SSS SAM L1 AND L2
L3
               D SCA
            81 SEA SSS FUL L1 AND L2
L4
     FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:14:39 ON 20 JAN 2006
L5
            29 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L4
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:16:14 ON 20 JAN 2006
               ANALYZE PLU=ON L4 1- LC: 5 TERMS
L6
    FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 10:17:51 ON 20 JAN 2006
L7
            13 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L4
     FILE 'CAPLUS, USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 10:18:30 ON 20 JAN 2006
L8
            36 DUP REM L5 L7 (6 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
                    ANSWERS '1-29' FROM FILE CAPLUS
                    ANSWERS '30-36' FROM FILE USPATFULL
     FILE 'CHEMCATS' ENTERED AT 10:18:50 ON 20 JAN 2006
L9
             1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L4
    FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:19:20 ON 20 JAN 2006
    FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:21:20 ON 20 JAN 2006
               E PAPPIN/AU
L10
           109 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON PAPPIN D?/AU
               E PURKAY/AU
            45 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON PURKAYASTHA S?/AU
           168 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON COULL J?/AU
             5 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L10 AND L11 AND L12
L14
            14 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L10 AND (L11 OR L12)) OR (L11 AND L12)
L15
             8 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L10 OR L11 OR L12) AND L5
    FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 10:24:48 ON 20 JAN 2006
L16
            16 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON PAPPIN D?/AU
             7 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON PURKAYASTHA S?/AU
            46 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON COULL J?/AU
             5 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L16 AND L17 AND L18
L20
             8 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L16 AND (L17 OR L18)) OR (L17 AND L18)
            10 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L7 AND (L16 OR L17 OR L18)
    FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:27:44 ON 20 JAN 2006
L*** DEL
             9 S L4 AND CASREACT/LC NOT CAPLUS/LS
             O SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L4 AND CASREACT/LC NOT CAPLUS/LC
L22
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:29:02 ON 20 JAN 2006
               D STAT QUE L4
               D L6
               D QUE L22
```

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:30:44 ON 20 JAN 2006

D STAT QUE L4

D L6

D QUE NOS L22

FILE 'CASREACT' ENTERED AT 10:31:49 ON 20 JAN 2006 L23 6 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L4

FILE 'CAPLUS, CASREACT' ENTERED AT 10:32:22 ON 20 JAN 2006 L24 29 DUP REM L5 L23 (6 DUPLICATES REMOVED) ANSWERS '1-29' FROM FILE CAPLUS

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:32:44 ON 20 JAN 2006

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:33:02 ON 20 JAN 2006

D STAT QUE L4

D L6

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:36:02 ON 20 JAN 2006

D QUE L13

D QUE NOS L14

D QUE NOS L15

L25 16 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L13 OR L14 OR L15

FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 10:37:09 ON 20 JAN 2006

D QUE L19

L27

D QUE NOS L20

D QUE NOS L21

L26 12 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L19 OR L20 OR L21

FILE 'CAPLUS, USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 10:38:26 ON 20 JAN 2006

22 DUP REM L25 L26 (6 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

ANSWERS '1-16' FROM FILE CAPLUS ANSWERS '17-22' FROM FILE USPATFULL

D IBIB ABS HITIND HITSTR L27 1-16

D IBIB ABS HITSTR L27 17-22

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:42:08 ON 20 JAN 2006 D QUE L5

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:42:42 ON 20 JAN 2006 D QUE NOS L5

L28 21 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L5 NOT L25

FILE 'CASREACT' ENTERED AT 10:44:21 ON 20 JAN 2006 D QUE NOS L23

FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 10:44:50 ON 20 JAN 2006 D OUE NOS L7

L29 3 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L7 NOT L26

FILE 'CHEMCATS' ENTERED AT 10:45:20 ON 20 JAN 2006 D QUE NOS L9

FILE 'CAPLUS, CASREACT, USPATFULL, CHEMCATS' ENTERED AT 10:46:16 ON 20 JAN 2006

L30 25 DUP REM L28 L23 L29 L9 (6 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

ANSWERS '1-21' FROM FILE CAPLUS

ANSWERS '22-24' FROM FILE USPATFULL

ANSWER '25' FROM FILE CHEMCATS

**.**. ^

- D IBIB ABS HITIND HITSTR L30 1-21
- D IBIB ABS HITSTR L30 22-24
- D IALL L30 25

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 10:50:09 ON 20 JAN 2006

FILE HOME

FILE REGISTRY

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 18 JAN 2006 HIGHEST RN 872163-75-2 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 18 JAN 2006 HIGHEST RN 872163-75-2

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JULY 14, 2005

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Structure search iteration limits have been increased. See HELP SLIMITS for details.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html

FILE CAPLUS

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 20 Jan 2006 VOL 144 ISS 5 FILE LAST UPDATED: 19 Jan 2006 (20060119/ED)

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http://www.cas.org/infopolicy.html

FILE USPATFULL

FILE COVERS 1971 TO PATENT PUBLICATION DATE: 19 Jan 2006 (20060119/PD)

FILE LAST UPDATED: 19 Jan 2006 (20060119/ED)

HIGHEST GRANTED PATENT NUMBER: US6988280

HIGHEST APPLICATION PUBLICATION NUMBER: US2006015978

CA INDEXING IS CURRENT THROUGH 19 Jan 2006 (20060119/UPCA)

ISSUE CLASS FIELDS (/INCL) CURRENT THROUGH: 19 Jan 2006 (20060119/PD)

REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Dec 2005

USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Dec 2005

#### FILE CHEMCATS

FILE LAST UPDATED 14 JANUARY 2006 (20060114/UP)

For details on recent updates in CHEMCATS, enter NEWS FILE at an arrow prompt. For the list of suppliers currently in the file, enter HELP SPA, HELP SPBC, HELP SPDH, HELP SPIN, HELP SPOP, and HELP SPQZ. For the list of current catalogs, enter HELP CTA, HELP CTBC, HELP CTDH, HELP CTIN, HELP CTOP, and HELP CTQZ.

This database is provided on an "as is" basis. Please consult the suppliers for current information regarding pricing, regional availability, available quantities, purities, etc. THERE ARE NO WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND, EITHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED. ACS is not liable for any loss of profit, goodwill or any other damages arising out of the use of this database.

CHEMCATS now contains more than 8 million records. See HELP CONTENT and NEWS FILE for details.

#### FILE CASREACT

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FILE CONTENT: 1840 - 15 Jan 2006 VOL 144 ISS 3

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Some CASREACT records are derived from the ZIC/VINITI database (1974-1991) provided by InfoChem, INPI data prior to 1986, and Biotransformations database compiled under the direction of Professor Dr. Klaus Kieslich.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

FILE STNGUIDE

FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.

LAST RELOADED: Jan 13, 2006 (20060113/UP).



=> file registry FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:33:02 ON 20 JAN 2006 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2006 American Chemical Society (ACS)

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 18 JAN 2006 HIGHEST RN 872163-75-2 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 18 JAN 2006 HIGHEST RN 872163-75-2

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JULY 14, 2005

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Structure search iteration limits have been increased. See HELP SLIMITS for details.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html

=> d stat que L4
L1 SCR 2039 Screen for abnormal mass
L2 STR

(e.g. isotopically labeled)

9
0
2
C. SCR 2039 Screen for abnormal mass

(e.g. isotopically labeled)

2
C. SCR 2039 Screen for abnormal mass

(e.g. isotopically labeled)

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

```
NSPEC
       IS R
               AΤ
NSPEC IS R
               AT
NSPEC
      IS R
               AT 3
NSPEC
      IS R
               \mathtt{AT}
NSPEC
      IS R
               AΤ
      IS R
               AT
                     6
NSPEC
      IS C
                     7
NSPEC
                AΤ
NSPEC
      IS C
                AΤ
                     8
       IS C
                AΤ
NSPEC
                     9
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
MLEVEL IS CLASS AT
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED
```

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RSPEC I

NUMBER OF NODES IS

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

81 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L1 AND L2 81 Structure

100.0% PROCESSED 814 ITERATIONS

81 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

****** END OF L6 ***

=> d L6 ANALYZE L4 1- LC : 5 TERMS L6 TERM # # OCC # DOC & DOC LC _____ 66 66 81.48 CA 66 66 81.48 CAPLUS 41 41 50.62 USPATFULL 9 9 11.11 CASREACT 1 1 1.23 CHEMCATS 2 3 4 5 5

=> file caplus FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:36:02 ON 20 JAN 2006 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2006 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

AUTHOR SEARCH

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 20 Jan 2006 VOL 144 ISS 5 FILE LAST UPDATED: 19 Jan 2006 (20060119/ED)

Effective October 17, 2005, revised CAS Information Use Policies apply.

They are available for your review at:

```
http://www.cas.org/infopolicy.html
```

'OBI' IS DEFAULT SEARCH FIELD FOR 'CAPLUS' FILE

```
=> d que L13
```

L10	109	SEA	FILE=CAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	PAPPIN D?/AU
L11	45	SEA	FILE=CAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	PURKAYASTHA S?/AU
L12	168	SEA	FILE=CAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	COULL J?/AU
L13	5	SEA	FILE=CAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L10 AND L11 AND L12

=> d que nos L14

L10	109	SEA	FILE=CAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	PAPPIN D?/AU
L11	45	SEA	FILE=CAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	PURKAYASTHA S?/AU
L12						COULL J?/AU
/L14	14	SEA	FILE≡CAPLUS	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	(L10-AND-(L11 OR L12))-OR (L11)
		AND	-L12-)			

```
=> d que nos L15
```

```
L1 SCR 2039

L2 STR

L4 81 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L1 AND L2

L5 29 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L4

L10 109 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PAPPIN D?/AU

L11 45 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PURKAYASTHA S?/AU

L12 168 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON COULL J?/AU

L15 8 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON (L10 OR L11 OR L12) AND L5
```

```
=> s L13 or L14 or L15

\(\begin{aligned}
\begin{aligned}
\beg
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#### => file uspatfull

FILE USPATFULL ENTERED AT 10:37:09 ON 20 JAN 2006
CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2006 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE COVERS 1971 TO PATENT PUBLICATION DATE: 19 Jan 2006 (20060119/PD)
FILE LAST UPDATED: 19 Jan 2006 (20060119/ED)
HIGHEST GRANTED PATENT NUMBER: US6988280
HIGHEST APPLICATION PUBLICATION NUMBER: US2006015978
CA INDEXING IS CURRENT THROUGH 19 Jan 2006 (20060119/UPCA)
ISSUE CLASS FIELDS (/INCL) CURRENT THROUGH: 19 Jan 2006 (20060119/PD)
REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Dec 2005
USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Dec 2005

```
=> d que L19
```

1						
L16	16	SEA	FILE=USPATFULL	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	PAPPIN D?/AU
L17	7	SEA	FILE=USPATFULL	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	PURKAYASTHA S?/AU
L18	46	SEA	FILE=USPATFULL	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	COULL J?/AU
L19	5.	SEA	FILE=USPATFULL	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	L16 AND L17 AND L18

#### => d que nos L20

L16	16	SEA	FILE=USPATFULL	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	PAPPIN D?/AU
L17	7	SEA	FILE=USPATFULL	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	PURKAYASTHA S?/AU
L18	46	SEA	FILE=USPATFULL	ABB=ON	PLU=ON	COULL J?/AU

L20 8 SEA FILE=USPATFULL ABB=ON PLU=ON (L16 AND (L17 OR L18)) OR (L17 AND L18)

=> d que nos L21

L1 SCR 2039

L2 STR

L4 81 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L1 AND L2 L7 13 SEA FILE=USPATFULL ABB=ON PLU=ON L4

L16 16 SEA FILE-USPATFULL ABB=ON PLU=ON PAPPIN D?/AU
L17 7 SEA FILE-USPATFULL ABB=ON PLU=ON PURKAYASTHA S?/AU

L18 46 SEA FILE=USPATFULL ABB=ON PLU=ON COULL J?/AU

L21 10 SEA FILE=USPATFULL ABB=ON PLU=ON L7 AND (L16 OR L17 OR L18)

=> s L19 or L20 or L21

L26 12 L19 OR L20 OR L21°

=> dup rem L25 L26

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:38:26 ON 20 JAN 2006

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FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 10:38:26 ON 20 JAN 2006

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PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L25 PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L26

L27 22 DUP REM L25 L26 (6 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

ANSWERS '1-16' FROM FILE CAPLUS ANSWERS '17-22' FROM FILE USPATFULD

=> d ibib abs hitind hitstr L27 1-16; d ibib abs hitstr L27 17-22

L27 ANSWER 1 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 1

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:588426 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:115568

TITLE: Preparation of isotopically enriched N-substituted

piperazine-1-acetic acids

INVENTOR(S): Dey, Subhakar; Pappin, Darryl J. c.;

Purkayastha, Subhasish; Pillai, Sasi;

Coull, James M.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Applera Corp., USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 29 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 6

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
	A1 20050707	US 2004-751387	20040105		
WO 2005068446	A1 20050728	WO 2005-US223	20050105		
W: AE, AG, AL,	AM, AT, AU, AZ,	BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY,	BZ, CA, CH,		
CN, CO, CR,	CU, CZ, DE, DK,	DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES,	FI, GB, GD,		
GE, GH, GM,	HR, HU, ID, IL,	IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP,	KR, KZ, LC,		
LK, LR, LS,	LT, LU, LV, MA,	MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX,	MZ, NA, NI,		
NO, NZ, OM,	PG, PH, PL, PT,	RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG,	SK, SL, SY,		

```
TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
              AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,
              EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT,
              RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML,
              MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                               US 2004-751353
                                                                     A 20040105
                                                                     A 20040105
                                               US 2004-751354
                                                                    A 20040105
                                               US 2004-751387
                                               US 2004-751388 A 20040105
US 2004-822639 A 20040412
US 2004-852730 A 20040524
```

OTHER SOURCE(S): GΙ

MARPAT 143:115568

Isotopically enriched N-substituted piperazine-1-acetic acids (I) or salts AΒ thereof, comprising one or more heavy atom isotopes [X = 0, S; Y =straight chain or branched C1-6 alkyl or C1-6 alkyl ether group wherein the carbon atoms of the alkyl group or alkyl ether group each independently comprise linked hydrogen, deuterium or F atoms; Z = independently H, deuterium, F, Cl, Br, iodine, an amino acid side chain, a straight chain or branched C1-6 alkyl group that may optionally contain a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group (wherein the carbon atoms of the alkyl and aryl groups each independently comprise linked H, deuterium or F atoms), a straight chain or branched C1-6 alkyl ether group that may optionally contain a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group wherein the carbon atoms of the alkyl and aryl groups each independently comprise linked H, deuterium or F atoms, or a straight chain or branched C1-6 alkoxy group that may optionally contain a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group (wherein the carbon atoms of the alkyl and aryl groups each independently comprise linked H, deuterium or F atoms)] are prepared N-substituted piperazines can be used as intermediates in the synthesis of N-substituted piperazine acetic acids which in turn can be used as intermediates in the synthesis of active esters of N-substituted piperazine acetic acid. The active esters of N-substituted piperazine acetic acid can be used as labeling reagents to prepare a set of isobaric labeling reagents. The set of isobaric labeling reagents can be used to label analytes such as peptides, proteins, amino acids, oligonucleotides, DNA, RNA, lipids, carbohydrates, steroids, small mols. and the like. Thus, to a stirring solution of 1.18 g (11.83 mmol) N-methylpiperazine in 15 mL toluene at room temperature was added 1 g (5.91 mmol) of Et bromoacetate-1,2-13C dropwise, over a period of 15 min. The reaction mixture was then heated in an oil bath at 90° for 4 h, cooled to room temperature, filtered to remove the off-white solid to give, after workup on

the

combined filtrate and washings, 1.10 g (quant.) of 4-methylpiperazine-1acetic acid Et ester-1,2-13C (II) as an off-white oil. II (1.1 g) was refluxed in water for 24 h to give 780 mg 4-methylpiperazine-1-acetic

```
acid-1,2-13C.
IC
     ICM C07D241-04
INCL 544399000
     28-17 (Heterocyclic Compounds (More Than One Hetero Atom))
     Section cross-reference(s): 6, 80
IT
     856188-20-0P
     RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); ANST
     (Analytical study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (preparation of isotopically enriched N-substituted piperazine-1-acetic
        acids as isobaric labeling reagents)
     79-08-3DP, Bromoacetic acid, trityl chloride resin-bound 5672-86-6P,
IT
     Trifluoroacetic acid pentachlorophenyl ester 5672-89-9P, Trifluoroacetic
     acid succinimidyl ester 54699-92-2P, 4-Methylpiperazine-1-acetic acid
                    145142-94-5P 856187-64-9P 856187-68-3P
     145142-92-3P
     856187-72-9P
                    856187-80-9P 856187-83-2P
                                   856188-88-0P, Trifluoroacetic acid
     856188-16-4P
                    856188-80-2P
     2-oxopyrrolidin-1-yl ester 857027-04-4P 857027-05-5P
                                                  857502-97-7P
                                                                 857502-98-8P
     857027-07-7P
                   857502-95-5P
                                  857502-96-6P
     857502-99-9P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation of isotopically enriched N-substituted piperazine-1-acetic
        acids as isobaric labeling reagents)
     856187-76-3P 856187-87-6P 856187-92-3P
TТ
     856188-02-8P, 4-Methylpiperazine-1-acetic acid 1,1,1,3,3,3-
    hexafluoropropan-2-yl ester
                                  856188-06-2P
                                                  856188-23-3P
                                                                 856188-27-7P
                    856188-37-9P
     856188-32-4P
                                   856188-38-0P
                                                  856188-43-7P
                                                                 856188-44-8P
     856188-49-3P
                    856188-50-6P
                                   856188-62-0P 856290-53-4P
                    857027-09-9P
                                   857027-10-2P 857027-11-3P
     856290-55-6P
                    857503-00-5P
                                   857503-01-6P
     857027-12-4P
                                                  857503-02-7P
     857503-03-8P
    RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of isotopically enriched N-substituted piperazine-1-acetic
        acids as isobaric labeling reagents)
IT
     856188-20-0P
```

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); ANST (Analytical study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of isotopically enriched N-substituted piperazine-1-acetic acids as isobaric labeling reagents)

RN 856188-20-0 CAPLUS

CN 2,5-Pyrrolidinedione, 1-[[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl-1-15N)acetyl-2-13C-18O]oxy]-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●2 HCl

#### IT 856187-64-9P 856187-68-3P 856187-72-9P

856187-83-2P 856188-16-4P 857027-04-4P 857027-05-5P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of isotopically enriched N-substituted piperazine-1-acetic acids as isobaric labeling reagents)

RN 856187-64-9 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-carboxy,  $\alpha$ -13C2 acid, 4-methyl-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 856187-68-3 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-carboxy, α-13C2 acid, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 856187-72-9 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazine-1-15N-acetic- $\alpha$ -13C acid, 4-methyl-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 856187-83-2 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-1802 acid, 4-methyl-, (1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 856188-16-4 CAPLUS

CN 2,5-Pyrrolidinedione, 1-[[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)acetyl-13C2-180]oxy]-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

#### •2 HCl

RN 857027-04-4 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-180 acid, 4-methyl-, 160-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 857027-05-5 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-180 acid, 4-methyl-, 180-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & \text{Me} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ CH_2-C-18O-Si-Bu-t \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ N & \text{Me} \end{array}$$

IT 856187-76-3P 856187-87-6P 856187-92-3P

856290-53-4P 856290-55-6P 857027-11-3P

857027-12-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of isotopically enriched N-substituted piperazine-1-acetic acids as isobaric labeling reagents)

RN 856187-76-3 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazine-1-15N-acetic- $\alpha$ -13C acid, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 856187-87-6 CAPLUS

CN 2,5-Pyrrolidinedione, 1-[[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)acetyl-180]oxy] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & 180 & 0 \\
 & N - CH_2 - C - O - N \\
 & N - CH_2 - C - O - N
\end{array}$$

RN 856187-92-3 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-carboxy,  $\alpha$ -13C2-18O2 acid, 4-methyl-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

#### •2 HCl

RN 856290-53-4 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-carboxy,α-13C2-18O2 acid, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 856290-55-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic- $\alpha$ -13C-1-15N-18O2 acid, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

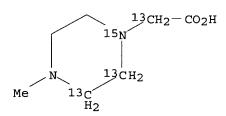
RN 857027-11-3 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazine-2,3-13C2-1-15N-acetic-carboxy-13C acid, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \\ \text{Me} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c}$$

RN 857027-12-4 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazine-2,3-13C2-1-15N-acetic- $\alpha$ -13C acid, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L27 ANSWER 2 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 2

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:592130 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:115574

TITLE: Preparation of isotopically enriched N-substituted

piperazines

INVENTOR(S): Pappin, Darryl J. C.; Pillai, Sasi;

Coull, James M.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Applera Corp., USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 29 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 6

#### PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.						DATE											
	2005				A1		2005	0707	US 2004-751388 WO 2005-US223								
no	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU, DE,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID, LV,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	ΚŻ,	LC,
		NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,
	RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW, RU,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,
		EE,	ES,	FΙ,	FR,	GB,	GR, BF,	HU,	ΙE,	IS,	IT,	LT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,
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									1	US 2	004-' 004-'	7513	88		A 2	0040	105
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OTHER C	ついせつでは	(5) .			MΔD.	DAT	142.	1155	7 <b>4</b>								

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 143:115574

GΙ

AΒ Isotopically enriched N-substituted piperazines (I) or salts thereof, comprising one or more heavy atom isotopes (Y = straight chain or branched C1-6 alkyl or C1-6 alkyl ether group wherein the carbon atoms of the alkyl group or alkyl ether group each independently comprise linked hydrogen, deuterium or fluorine atoms; Z = independently H, F, Cl, Br, iodine, an amino acid side chain, a straight chain or branched C1-6 alkyl group that may optionally contain a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group wherein the carbon atoms of the alkyl and aryl groups each independently comprise linked H or F atoms, a straight chain or branched C1-6 alkyl ether group that may optionally contain a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group (wherein the carbon atoms of the alkyl and aryl groups each independently comprise linked hydrogen or fluorine atoms), or a straight chain or branched C1-6 alkoxy group that may optionally contain a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group; wherein the carbon atoms of the alkyl and aryl groups each independently comprise linked hydrogen or fluorine atoms; wherein the N-methylpiperazine is isotopically enriched with either of 13C and/or 15N) are prepared N-substituted piperazines can be used as intermediates in the synthesis of N-substituted piperazine acetic acids which in turn can be used as intermediates in the synthesis of active esters of N-substituted piperazine acetic acid. The active esters of N-substituted piperazine acetic acid can be used as labeling reagents to prepare a set of isobaric labeling reagents. The set of isobaric labeling

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reagents can be used to label analytes such as peptides, proteins, amino
     acids, oligonucleotides, DNA, RNA, lipids, carbohydrates, steroids, small
     mols. and the like (no data). Thus, to a stirring solution of 1.18 g (11.83
     mmol) N-methylpiperazine in 15 mL toluene at room temperature was added 1 g
     (5.91 mmol) of Et bromoacetate-1,2-13C dropwise, over a period of 15 min.
     The reaction mixture was then heated in an oil bath at 90° for 4 h,
     cooled to room temperature, filtered to remove the off-white solid to give,
     after workup on the combined filtrate and washings, 1.10 g (quant.) of
     4-methylpiperazine-1-acetic acid Et ester-1,2-13C (II) as an off-white
     oil. II (1.1 g) was refluxed in water for 24 h to give 780 mg
     4-methylpiperazine-1-acetic acid-1,2-13C.
     ICM C07D241-04
IC
INCL 544358000
     28-17 (Heterocyclic Compounds (More Than One Hetero Atom))
     Section cross-reference(s): 6, 80
IT
     856188-20-0P
     RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); ANST
     (Analytical study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (preparation of isotopically enriched N-substituted piperazines as isobaric
        labeling reagents)
     5672-86-6P, Trifluoroacetic acid pentachlorophenyl ester
IT
                                                                5672-89-9P,
     Trifluoroacetic acid succinimidyl ester 54699-92-2P,
     4-Methylpiperazine-1-acetic acid 106665-75-2P
                                                      145142-98-9P
                    856187-57-0P 856187-64-9P 856187-68-3P
     145143-00-6P
                    856187-80-9P 856187-83-2P
     856187-72-9P
     856187-92-3P 856188-16-4P
                                 856188-23-3P
                                                856188-27-7P
                   856188-37-9P
                                  856188-43-7P 856188-49-3P
                                                                 856188-80-2P
     856188-32-4P
     856188-88-0P, Trifluoroacetic acid 2-oxopyrrolidin-1-yl ester
     856290-54-5P 857027-04-4P 857027-05-5P
                                             857502-96-6P
                    857502-98-8P
     857502-97-7P
                                  857502-99-9P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation of isotopically enriched N-substituted piperazines as isobaric
        labeling reagents)
                                 856188-02-8P,
IT
     856187-76-3P 856187-87-6P
     4-Methylpiperazine-1-acetic acid 1,1,1,3,3,3-hexafluoropropan-2-yl ester
     856188-06-2P
                  856188-38-0P
                                   856188-44-8P
                                                  856188-50-6P
                                                                 856188-62-0P
                                                                 857503-02-7P
     857027-09-9P
                    857027-10-2P
                                   857503-00-5P
                                                  857503-01-6P
                    857503-04-9P
                                                  857503-06-1P
                                                                 857503-07-2P
     857503-03-8P
                                   857503-05-0P
                                   857503-10-7P
                                                  857503-11-8P
     857503-08-3P
                    857503-09-4P
                                                                 857503-12-9P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of isotopically enriched N-substituted piperazines as isobaric
        labeling reagents)
IT
     856188-20-0P
     RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); ANST
     (Analytical study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (preparation of isotopically enriched N-substituted piperazines as isobaric
        labeling reagents)
     856188-20-0 CAPLUS
RN
     2,5-Pyrrolidinedione, 1-[[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl-1-15N)acetyl-2-13C-
CN
     180]oxy]-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

#### •2 HCl

RN 856187-68-3 CAPLUS CN 1-Piperazineacetic-carboxy,  $\alpha$ -13C2 acid, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 856187-72-9 CAPLUS CN 1-Piperazine-1-15N-acetic- $\alpha$ -13C acid, 4-methyl-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 856187-83-2 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-1802 acid, 4-methyl-, (1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 856187-92-3 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-carboxy,  $\alpha$ -13C2-18O2 acid, 4-methyl-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

#### ●2 HCl

RN 856188-16-4 CAPLUS

CN 2,5-Pyrrolidinedione, 1-[[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)acetyl-13C2-180]oxy]-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

#### ●2 HCl

RN 857027-04-4 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-180 acid, 4-methyl-, 160-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 857027-05-5 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-180 acid, 4-methyl-, 180-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 856187-76-3P 856187-87-6P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of isotopically enriched N-substituted piperazines as isobaric labeling reagents)

RN 856187-76-3 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazine-1-15N-acetic- $\alpha$ -13C acid, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 856187-87-6 CAPLUS

CN 2,5-Pyrrolidinedione, 1-[[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)acetyl-180]oxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L27 ANSWER 3 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 3

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:592129 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:97398

TITLE: Preparation of active esters of N-substituted

piperazine acetic acids, including isotopically

enriched versions

INVENTOR(S): Dey, Subhakar; Pappin, Darryl J. C.;

Purkayastha, Subhasish; Pillai, Sasi;

Coull, James M.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Applera Corp., USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 33 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 6

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	ENT 1	NO.			KIN	D	DATE		i	APPL	ICAT	ION 1	. OI		D	ATE	
	2005				A1 A1		2005 2005									 0040 0050	
		CN, GE, LK, NO, TJ, BW, AZ, EE, RO,	CO, GH, LR, NZ, TM, GH, BY, ES, SE,	CR, GM, LS, OM, TN, GM, KG, FI, SI,	CU, HR, LT, PG, TR, KE, KZ,	CZ, HU, LU, PH, TT, LS, MD, GB,	AU, DE, ID, LV, PL, TZ, MW, RU, GR, BF,	DK, IL, MA, PT, UA, MZ, TJ,	DM, IN, MD, RO, UG, NA, TM, IE,	DZ, IS, MG, RU, US, SD, AT, IS,	EC, JP, MK, SC, UZ, SL, BE, IT,	EE, KE, MN, SD, VC, SZ, BG, LT,	EG, KG, MW, SE, VN, TZ, CH, LU,	ES, KP, MX, SG, YU, UG, CY, MC,	FI, KR, MZ, SK, ZA, ZM, CZ, NL,	GB, KZ, NA, SL, ZM, ZW, DE, PL,	GD, LC, NI, SY, ZW AM, DK, PT,
PRIORITY OTHER SO		LN.	INFO	.: `	·		143:	97398	1 1 1 1	US 2 US 2 US 2 US 2	004 - 1 004 - 1 004 - 1	7513! 7513! 7513! 7513! 8226: 8527:	54 87 88 39		A 20 A 20 A 20 A 20		105 105 105 412

GI

AB In some embodiments, this invention pertains to active esters of N-substituted piperazine acetic acid I (R = leaving group; X = O, S; Y = C1-C6 alkyl, C1-C6 alkyl ether; Z = H, 2H, F, Cl, Br, iodide, amino acid

side chain, C1-C6 alkyl, C1-C6 alkyl ether), including isotopically enriched versions thereof. In some embodiments, this invention pertains to methods for the preparation of active esters of N-substituted piperazine acetic acid, including isotopically enriched versions thereof. For example, the isotopically labeled N-methylpiperazine II (R1 = 18OH) reacted with the trifluoroacetic acid ester of N-hydroxysuccinimide to give the succinate II (R1 = OR2, R2 = succinimido).

IC ICM C07D043-02

ICS C07D241-04

INCL 544182000; 544372000; 544209000; 544371000; 544399000

CC 28-17 (Heterocyclic Compounds (More Than One Hetero Atom))

IT **856187-87-6P** 856187-98-9P 856188-02-8P 856188-06-2P

856188-16-4P 856188-20-0P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of active esters of N-substituted piperazine acetic acids and their labeled derivs.)

IT 658-78-6 920-66-1 1737-40-2 4530-20-5, N-Boc-glycine 5672-86-6 5672-89-9 13200-60-7, Sarcosine, ethyl ester 14533-84-7 34352-59-5 54699-92-2 61898-49-5 85539-84-0 856187-95-6 **856188-13-1** 856188-80-2 856188-88-0

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of active esters of N-substituted piperazine acetic acids and their labeled derivs.)

IT 109-01-3P, N-Methylpiperazine 5625-52-5P 145590-97-2P 856187-53-6P 856187-57-0P 856187-64-9P 856187-68-3P

**856187-72-9P** 856187-80-9P **856187-83-2P**RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of active esters of N-substituted piperazine acetic acids and their labeled derivs.)

IT **856187-76-3P 856187-92-3P** 856188-23-3P 856188-27-7P

856188-32-4P 856188-38-0P 856188-44-8P 856188-50-6P 856188-62-0P RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of active esters of N-substituted piperazine acetic acids and their labeled derivs.)

IT 856187-87-6P 856188-16-4P 856188-20-0P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of active esters of N-substituted piperazine acetic acids and their labeled derivs.)

RN 856187-87-6 CAPLUS

CN 2,5-Pyrrolidinedione, 1-[[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)acetyl-180]oxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 856188-16-4 CAPLUS

CN 2,5-Pyrrolidinedione, 1-[[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)acetyl-13C2-180]oxy]-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●2 HCl

RN 856188-20-0 CAPLUS

CN 2,5-Pyrrolidinedione, 1-[[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl-1-15N)acetyl-2-13C-18O]oxy]-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●2 HCl

IT **856188-13-1** 

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation of active esters of N-substituted piperazine acetic acids and
 their labeled derivs.)

RN 856188-13-1 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic- $\alpha$ -13C-1-15N-18O2 acid, 4-methyl-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

•2 HCl

IT 856187-64-9P 856187-68-3P 856187-72-9P

856187-83-2P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT

(Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of active esters of N-substituted piperazine acetic acids and their labeled derivs.)

RN 856187-64-9 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-carboxy, α-13C2 acid, 4-methyl-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 856187-68-3 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-carboxy, α-13C2 acid, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 856187-72-9 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazine-1-15N-acetic- $\alpha$ -13C acid, 4-methyl-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 856187-83-2 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-1802 acid, 4-methyl-, (1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

#### IT 856187-76-3P 856187-92-3P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of active esters of N-substituted piperazine acetic acids and their labeled derivs.)

RN 856187-76-3 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazine-1-15N-acetic- $\alpha$ -13C acid, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 856187-92-3 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-carboxy,  $\alpha$ -13C2-18O2 acid, 4-methyl-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

#### ●2 HCl

L27 ANSWER 4 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 4

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:588349 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:112150

TITLE: Isobarically labeled analytes and fragment ions

derived therefrom

INVENTOR(S): Pappin, Darryl J. C.; Purkayastha,

Subhasish; Coull, James M.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Applera Corporation, USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 88 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 822,639.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 6

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2005148087	A1	20050707	US 2004-852730	20040524
US 2005147982	A1	20050707	US 2004-751353	20040105
US 2005147985	<b>A</b> 1	20050707	US 2004-822639	20040412
WO 2005068446	A1	20050728	WO 2005-US223	20050105
W: AE, AG, AL	, AM, AT	AU, AZ, B	A, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY,	BZ, CA, CH,

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CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
              GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY,
               TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
          RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
              E., SI, SI, KE, ES, FW, FIZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MB, NE, CN, TD, TC.
              MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                   US 2004-751353
                                                                          A2 20040105
                                                   US 2004-822639
                                                                          A2 20040412
                                                   US 2004-751354
                                                                          A 20040105
                                                   US 2004-751387
                                                                          Α
                                                                             20040105
                                                   US 2004-751388
                                                                         Α
                                                                             20040105
                                                   US 2004-852730
                                                                         A 20040524
                            MARPAT 143:112150
OTHER SOURCE(S):
     This invention pertains to isobarically labeled analytes and fragment ions
     thereof.
IC
     ICM C07K014-47
          C12Q001-68; G01N033-00
     ICS
INCL 436086000; 530409000
     9-16 (Biochemical Methods)
     79-08-3DP, Bromoacetic acid, polystyrene trityl chloride piperazine
TΤ
                 110-85-0DP, Piperazine, trityl chloride/bromoacetic polystyrene
     derivs.
     derivs.
                 3235-67-4P, 1-Piperidineacetic acid
                                                           3235-69-6P,
                                                   37478-58-3P, 1-Piperazineacetic
                                   5625-52-5P
     4-Morpholineacetic acid
             53788-49-1P
                             80841-13-0P
                                              174311-10-5P 215101-76-1P
     741683-82-9P, 1-Piperidineacetic-carboxy-13C acid
                                                                741683-83-0P,
     1-Piperidineacetic-\alpha-13C acid 741683-84-1P,
     1-Piperazineacetic-carboxy-13C acid 741683-85-2P,
     1-Piperazineacetic-α-13C acid 856187-64-9P
                      856187-80-9P 856187-83-2P
     856187-72-9P
     857027-04-4P 857027-05-5P
                                      857027-07-7P
                                                       857027-09-9P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
      (Reactant or reagent)
         (isobarically labeled analytes and fragment ions derived therefrom)
                   34352-59-5P 741683-79-4P
                                                    741683-81-8P 856187-57-0P
TТ
     109-01-3P
     856187-68-3P 856187-76-3P 856187-87-6P
                      856188-06-2P
                                        856188-62-0P 856290-53-4P
     856187-98-9P
     856290-55-6P 857027-06-6P
                                      857027-08-8P 857027-10-2P
     857291-36-2P 857291-38-4P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
         (isobarically labeled analytes and fragment ions derived therefrom)
     741683-84-1P, 1-Piperazineacetic-carboxy-13C acid
ΤТ
     741683-85-2P, 1-Piperazineacetic-\alpha-13C acid
     856187-64-9P 856187-72-9P 856187-83-2P
     857027-04-4P 857027-05-5P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
      (Reactant or reagent)
         (isobarically labeled analytes and fragment ions derived therefrom)
RN
     741683-84-1 CAPLUS
CN
     1-Piperazineacetic-carboxy-13C acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

RN 741683-85-2 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic- $\alpha$ -13C acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 856187-64-9 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-carboxy,  $\alpha$ -13C2 acid, 4-methyl-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 856187-72-9 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazine-1-15N-acetic- $\alpha$ -13C acid, 4-methyl-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 856187-83-2 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-1802 acid, 4-methyl-, (1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 857027-04-4 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-180 acid, 4-methyl-, 160-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 857027-05-5 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-180 acid, 4-methyl-, 180-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 856187-68-3P 856187-76-3P 856187-87-6P 856290-53-4P 856290-55-6P 857027-06-6P

857291-36-2P 857291-38-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (isobarically labeled analytes and fragment ions derived therefrom)

RN 856187-68-3 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-carboxy,  $\alpha$ -13C2 acid, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 856187-76-3 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazine-1-15N-acetic- $\alpha$ -13C acid, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 856187-87-6 CAPLUS

CN 2,5-Pyrrolidinedione, 1-[[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)acetyl-180]oxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 856290-53-4 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-carboxy,  $\alpha$ -13C2-18O2 acid, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 856290-55-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-α-13C-1-15N-18O2 acid, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 857027-06-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-carboxy, α-13C2-18O acid, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 857291-36-2 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazine-2,3-13C2-acetic-carboxy-13C acid, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX

NAME)

$$CH_2 - 13C - OH$$

Me

 $13CH_2$ 
 $H_2$ 

RN 857291-38-4 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazine-2,3-13C2-acetic- $\alpha$ -13C acid, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L27 ANSWER 5 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 5

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:592027 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

143:93642

TITLE:

Mixtures of isobarically labeled analytes and

fragments ions derived therefrom

INVENTOR(S): Pappin, Darryl J. C.; Purkayastha,

Subhasish; Coull, James M.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

Applera Corp., USA

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 36 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 751,353. CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 6

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2005147985	A1 20050707		20040412
US 2005147982	A1 20050707		20040105
US 2005148087	A1 20050707	US 2004-852730	20040524
WO 2005068446	A1 20050728	WO 2005-US223	20050105
W: AE, AG, AL,	AM, AT, AU, AZ,	BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY,	BZ, CA, CH,
CN, CO, CR,	CU, CZ, DE, DK,	DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES,	FI, GB, GD,
GE, GH, GM,	HR, HU, ID, IL,	IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP,	KR, KZ, LC,
LK, LR, LS,	LT, LU, LV, MA,	MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX,	MZ, NA, NI,
NO, NZ, OM,	PG, PH, PL, PT,	RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG,	SK, SL, SY,
TJ, TM, TN,	TR, TT, TZ, UA,	UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU,	ZA, ZM, ZW
RW: BW, GH, GM,	KE, LS, MW, MZ,	NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG,	ZM, ZW, AM,
AZ, BY, KG,	KZ, MD, RU, TJ,	TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY,	CZ, DE, DK,

```
EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT,
            RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML,
            MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                                               A2 20040105
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                           US 2004-751353
                                                               A 20040105
                                           US 2004-751354
                                                               A 20040105
                                           US 2004-751387
                                                               A 20040105
                                           US 2004-751388
                                                               A2 20040412
                                           US 2004-822639
                                           US 2004-852730
                                                               A 20040524
OTHER SOURCE(S):
                        MARPAT 143:93642
     This invention pertains to mixts. of isobarically labeled analytes and
     fragment ions thereof.
     ICM C12Q001-68
IC
         C07H021-02; G01N033-00; C07J043-00
     ICS
INCL 435006000; 436086000; 530409000; 536023100; 540107000; 544359000
     9-16 (Biochemical Methods)
     856290-53-4P 856290-55-6P 857027-11-3P
IT
     857027-12-4P
     RL: FMU (Formation, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); FORM
     (Formation, nonpreparative); PREP (Preparation)
        (mixts. of isobarically labeled analytes and fragments ions derived
        therefrom)
     75-89-8 79-08-3, Bromoacetic acid
                                         79-37-8, Ethanedioyl dichloride
IT
               771-61-9, Pentafluorophenol 920-66-1 4530-20-5, Boc-Glycine
     139-02-6
               6066-82-6 7087-68-5, Diisopropylethylamine 13200-60-7,
     5672-89-9
     Sarcosine ethyl ester
                            18156-74-6 52928-63-9 54699-92-2 56522-24-8
     61898-49-5 85539-84-0
                              99542-20-8 856187-92-3
                                                      856187-95-6
                 857027-03-3
     856188-13-1
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (mixts. of isobarically labeled analytes and fragments ions derived
        therefrom)
                              80841-13-0P
IT
     5625-52-5P
                53788-49-1P
                                            145590-97-2P 856187-64-9P
                               856187-80-9P
     856187-68-3P 856187-72-9P
                   856188-06-2P 857027-04-4P
     856187-83-2P
     857027-05-5P
                   857027-07-7P
                                 857027-09-9P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (mixts. of isobarically labeled analytes and fragments ions derived
        therefrom)
     109-01-3P 34352-59-5P 856187-57-0P 856187-76-3P
IT
     856187-87-6P 856187-98-9P 856188-16-4P
                   856188-62-0P 857027-06-6DP, salts
     856188-20-0P
     857027-08-8P
                  857027-10-2P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (mixts. of isobarically labeled analytes and fragments ions derived
        therefrom)
IT
     856290-53-4P 856290-55-6P 857027-11-3P
     857027-12-4P
     RL: FMU (Formation, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); FORM
     (Formation, nonpreparative); PREP (Preparation)
        (mixts. of isobarically labeled analytes and fragments ions derived
        therefrom)
     856290-53-4 CAPLUS
RN
CN
     1-Piperazineacetic-carboxy, \alpha-13C2-18O2 acid, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA
     INDEX NAME)
```

RN 856290-55-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic- $\alpha$ -13C-1-15N-18O2 acid, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 857027-11-3 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazine-2,3-13C2-1-15N-acetic-carboxy-13C acid, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & &$$

RN 857027-12-4 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazine-2,3-13C2-1-15N-acetic-α-13C acid, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 856187-92-3 856188-13-1

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (mixts. of isobarically labeled analytes and fragments ions derived
 therefrom)

RN 856187-92-3 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-carboxy,  $\alpha$ -13C2-18O2 acid, 4-methyl-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●2 HCl

RN 856188-13-1 CAPLUS CN 1-Piperazineacetic- $\alpha$ -13C-1-15N-18O2 acid, 4-methyl-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●2 HCl

RN 856187-68-3 CAPLUS
CN 1-Piperazineacetic-carboxy,α-13C2 acid, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 856187-72-9 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazine-1-15N-acetic- $\alpha$ -13C acid, 4-methyl-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 856187-83-2 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-1802 acid, 4-methyl-, (1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & \text{Me} \\ & & & \\ \parallel & & \\ \text{CH}_2-\text{C}-180-\text{Si}-\text{Bu-t} \\ & & \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

RN 857027-04-4 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-180 acid, 4-methyl-, 160-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & \text{18O} & \text{Me} \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \text{CH}_2\text{--}\text{C}\text{--}\text{O}\text{--}\text{Si}\text{--}\text{Bu}\text{--}\text{t} \\ & & & \\ & & & \text{Me} \end{array}$$

RN 857027-05-5 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-180 acid, 4-methyl-, 180-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 856187-76-3P 856187-87-6P 856188-16-4P

856188-20-0P 857027-06-6DP, salts

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (mixts. of isobarically labeled analytes and fragments ions derived
 therefrom)

RN 856187-76-3 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazine-1-15N-acetic- $\alpha$ -13C acid, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 856187-87-6 CAPLUS

CN 2,5-Pyrrolidinedione, 1-[[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)acetyl-180]oxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 856188-16-4 CAPLUS

CN 2,5-Pyrrolidinedione, 1-[[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)acetyl-13C2-180]oxy]-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●2 HCl

856188-20-0 CAPLUS RN

2,5-Pyrrolidinedione, 1-[[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl-1-15N)acetyl-2-13C-CN180]oxy]-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

## 2 HCl

RN857027-06-6 CAPLUS

1-Piperazineacetic-carboxy, \alpha-13C2-18O acid, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA CNINDEX NAME)

L27 ANSWER 6 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 6

2005:588336 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:93635

Mixtures of isobarically labeled analytes and TITLE:

fragments ions derived therefrom

Pappin, Darryl J. C.; Purkayastha, Subhasish; Coull, James M. INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Applera Corporation, USA U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 29 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DAT	E APPI	LICATION NO.	DATE
			- <b></b>	
US 2005147982	A1 200	50707 US 2	2004-751353	20040105
US 2005147985	A1 200	50707 US 2	2004-822639	20040412
US 2005148087	A1 200	50707 US 2	2004-852730	20040524
WO 2005068446	A1 200	50728 WO 2	2005-US223	20050105
W: AE, AG, AL,	AM, AT, AU	J, AZ, BA, BB,	BG, BR, BW,	BY, BZ, CA, CH,
CN, CO, CR,	CU, CZ, DE	, DK, DM, DZ,	EC, EE, EG,	ES, FI, GB, GD,
GE, GH, GM,	HR, HU, ID	, IL, IN, IS	JP, KE, KG,	KP, KR, KZ, LC,
LK, LR, LS,	LT, LU, LV	, MA, MD, MG	MK, MN, MW,	MX, MZ, NA, NI,

```
NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY,
             TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
             AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT,
             RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML,
             MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                                                 A2 20040105
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                             US 2004-751353
                                                                  A 20040105
                                             US 2004-751354
                                                                 A 20040105
                                             US 2004-751387
                                                                  A 20040105
                                             US 2004-751388
                                                                  A2 20040412
                                             US 2004-822639
                                                                 A 20040524
                                             US 2004-852730
     This invention pertains to mixts. of isobarically labeled analytes and
AB
     fragment ions thereof.
     ICM C12Q001-68
ICS C07H021-04; G01N033-00; C07K014-47
IC
INCL 435006000; 436086000; 530409000; 536023100
     9-16 (Biochemical Methods)
CC
     5625-52-5P 53788-49-1P
                                 61898-49-5P, Ethyl bromoacetate 80841-13-0P
ΙT
     145590-97-2P 856187-64-9P 856187-68-3P
                                                  856188-06-2P
     856187-72-9P 856187-80-9P 856187-83-2P
     857027-02-2P 857027-04-4P 857027-05-5P 857027-09-9P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (mixts. of isobarically labeled analytes and fragments ions derived
        therefrom)
     109-01-3P 34352-59-5P 856187-57-0P 856187-76-3P
IT
     856187-87-6P 856187-98-9P 856188-62-0P 856290-53-4P
     856290-55-6P 857027-06-6DP, salts 857027-08-8P
     857027-10-2P 857027-11-3P 857027-12-4P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (mixts. of isobarically labeled analytes and fragments ions derived
        therefrom)
IT
     856187-64-9P 856187-68-3P 856187-72-9P
     856187-83-2P 857027-04-4P 857027-05-5P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (mixts. of isobarically labeled analytes and fragments ions derived
        therefrom)
     856187-64-9 CAPLUS
RN
     1-Piperazineacetic-carboxy, \alpha-13C2 acid, 4-methyl-, ethyl ester (9CI)
CN
       (CA INDEX NAME)
```

RN 856187-68-3 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-carboxy,  $\alpha$ -13C2 acid, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 856187-72-9 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazine-1-15N-acetic- $\alpha$ -13C acid, 4-methyl-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 856187-83-2 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-1802 acid, 4-methyl-, (1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 857027-04-4 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-180 acid, 4-methyl-, 160-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 857027-05-5 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-180 acid, 4-methyl-, 180-[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl] ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & \text{Me} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{CH}_2-\text{C-18}_{0}-\text{Si-Bu-t} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

IT 856187-76-3P 856187-87-6P 856290-53-4P 856290-55-6P 857027-06-6DP, salts 857027-11-3P

857027-12-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (mixts. of isobarically labeled analytes and fragments ions derived therefrom)

RN 856187-76-3 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazine-1-15N-acetic- $\alpha$ -13C acid, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 856187-87-6 CAPLUS

CN 2,5-Pyrrolidinedione, 1-[[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)acetyl-180]oxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 856290-53-4 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-carboxy, α-13C2-18O2 acid, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 856290-55-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic- $\alpha$ -13C-1-15N-18O2 acid, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 857027-06-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-carboxy,  $\alpha$ -13C2-18O acid, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 857027-11-3 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazine-2,3-13C2-1-15N-acetic-carboxy-13C acid, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$CH_2 - 13C - OH$$

Me

 $13C$ 
 $H_2$ 

RN 857027-12-4 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazine-2,3-13C2-1-15N-acetic- $\alpha$ -13C acid, 4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$^{13}\text{CH}_2 - \text{CO}_2\text{H}$$
 $^{15}\text{N}$ 
 $^{13}\text{CH}_2$ 
 $^{13}\text{C}$ 
 $^{13}\text{C}$ 
 $^{13}\text{C}$ 

L27 ANSWER 7 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:523758 CAPLUS

```
Cordero-Garcia 10/822639
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        Analysis of mass spectral data in the quiet zones
TITLE:
                        using label fragment ions and applications in analysis
                        of proteins and other biomolecules
                        Pappin, Darryl J. C.
INVENTOR(S):
                        Applera Corporation, USA
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        PCT Int. Appl., 33 pp.
SOURCE:
                        CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
                        English
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
                                                                 DATE
                        KIND
                               DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
     PATENT NO.
      -----
                                           _____
                        ----
                               20050616 WO 2004-US41343
                                                                  20041124
                         A2
     O 2005054871
            AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
                CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
             GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
             LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI,
             NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY,
             TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
             AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,
             EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO,
             SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR,
             NE, SN, TD, TG
                                           US 2004-999638
                               20050714
                                                                  20041126
     US 2005153456
                         Α1
                                           US 2003-525478P
                                                               P 20031126
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                           US 2004-547375P
                                                               P 20040224
OTHER SOURCE(S):
                        MARPAT 143:56140
     The invention pertains to methods, systems and/or compns. useful for the
     anal. of labels and/or labeled analytes in quiet zones. Because the
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labeling reagents can be isotopically enriched, label fragment ions generated by fragmentation of a label in a mass spectrometer can produce an isotopic cluster of distinct peak configuration. The labeling reagents that fragment to produce the isotopic clusters observed in the mass spectrum can be directed to "quiet zones" across a mass spectrum. The "quiet zones" are areas where little or no mass intensity information exists in the summed result for the analyte type or types. By directing the anal. to the quiet zones, where few or no analyte fragment ions are detected, it is possible to improve the reliability of any qual. and/or quant. anal. of the label based on determination of the label fragment ions. The method can be used for mass spectrometric anal. of proteins, peptides, lipids, nucleic acids, carbohydrates or small mols.

IC ICM G01N033-68

C07D211-40; C07D211-10; C07D211-56; C07F009-00; C07D265-00; C07D279-00; C07D217-00

9-5 (Biochemical Methods)

853995-43-4 853995-44-5 853995-45-6 IT

853995-46-7

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); RCT (Reactant); ANST (Analytical study); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(anal. of mass spectral data in quiet zones using label fragment ions and applications in anal. of proteins and other biomols.)

853995-43-4 853995-44-5 853995-45-6

853995-46-7

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); RCT (Reactant); ANST (Analytical study); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(anal. of mass spectral data in quiet zones using label fragment ions and applications in anal. of proteins and other biomols.)

RN 853995-43-4 CAPLUS

CN 2,5-Pyrrolidinedione, 1-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)acetyl-13C2-18O]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 853995-44-5 CAPLUS

CN 2,5-Pyrrolidinedione, 1-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl-1-15N)acetyl-2-13C-180]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 853995-45-6 CAPLUS

CN 2,5-Pyrrolidinedione, 1-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl-2,3-13C2-1-15N)acetyl-1-13C]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 853995-46-7 CAPLUS

CN 2,5-Pyrrolidinedione, 1-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl-2,3-13C2-1-15N)acetyl-2-13C]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L27 ANSWER 8 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:371290 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:409686

TITLE: Method of reducing leachate released in protein

A-based affinity purification of antibodies

INVENTOR(S): Leete, Thomas D.; Creasey, Theresa S.; Smith, Robert;

Coull, James M.; Pappin, Darryl J.;

Mccoy, Mark A.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Applera Corporation, USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 18 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

				KIND DATE				APPLICATION NO.										
	WO 2005037869						WO 2004-US34249											
	WO 2005037869			A3	A3 20050616													
		W:	ΑĒ,	AG,	ΑL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,
			CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
			GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JΡ,	KΕ,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,
			LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NI,
			NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,
			ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UΖ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW
		RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,
			•			-		RU,									-	
			EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,
			SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,
			•	TD,														
US 2005165222 A1 20050728 US 2004-966188 20041015																		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2003-511521P P 20031015  AB The disclosed invention provides methods and compns. used for antibody																		
AB																		
	purification by protein A-based affinity techniques. In particular, methods																	
	are provided for reducing the levels of protein A leachate in such affinity-purified antibody prepns. In addition, the present invention																	
			to ]															
																		d using
																		inless
																		protein A
																		ded on
																		s also
																	кıt	, and
	-		ied	-	prote	ease	act	ivit	y us:	ing a	a su	ıtab.	re ei	nzyme	e as	say.		
IC			7K01															
	ICS	C0	7K00	1-22														

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CC
     15-1 (Immunochemistry)
     Section cross-reference(s): 9
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L27 ANSWER 9 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:681717 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:202794

Methods, mixtures, kits and compositions pertaining to TITLE:

analyte determination

Pappin, Darryl J. C.; Bartlet-Jones, Michael INVENTOR(S):

Applera Corporation, USA PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): PCT Int. Appl., 105 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

WO 2004070352 A2 20040819 WO 2004-US2077 200401 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA,	CH, GD, LC,							
	CH, GD, LC,							
	GD, LC,							
CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB,								
GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ,								
LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA,	ΝI							
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT,	BE,							
BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT,	LU,							
MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA,	GN,							
GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG								
CA 2488584 AA 20040819 CA 2004-2488584 200401	.27							
US 2004219685 A1 20041104 US 2004-765264 200401	.27							
US 2004220412 A1 20041104 US 2004-765267 200401	L <b>2</b> 7							
US 2004219686 A1 20041104 US 2004-765458 200401	.27							
EP 1588145 A2 20051026 EP 2004-705571 200401	L <b>2</b> 7							
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC,	PT,							
IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK								
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2003-443612P P 20030130								
WO 2004-US2077 W 200401								

This invention pertains to methods, mixts., kits and/or compns. for the AB determination of analytes by mass anal. using unique labeling reagents or sets of

unique labeling reagents. The labeling reagents can be isomeric or isobaric and can be used to produce mixts. suitable for multiplex anal. of the labeled analytes.

- ICM G01N TC
- 9-16 (Biochemical Methods) CC
- 3235-67-4P, 1-Piperidineacetic acid 3235-69-6P, 4-Morpholineacetic acid IT 37478-58-3P, 1-Piperazineacetic acid 215101-76-1P 741683-82-9P. 1-Piperidineacetic-carboxy-13C acid 741683-83-0P, 1-Piperidineaceticα-13C acid 741683-84-1P, 1-Piperazineacetic-carboxy-13C acid 741683-85-2P, 1-Piperazineacetic- $\alpha$ -13C acid 741683-88-5P, 741683-87-4P, 4-Morpholineacetic-carboxy-13C acid

4-Morpholineacetic- $\alpha$ -13C acid

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(methods, mixts., kits and compns. pertaining to analyte determination) 741683-84-1P, 1-Piperazineacetic-carboxy-13C acid TT

741683-85-2P, 1-Piperazineacetic- $\alpha$ -13C acid

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(methods, mixts., kits and compns. pertaining to analyte determination)

RN 741683-84-1 CAPLUS

1-Piperazineacetic-carboxy-13C acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

741683-85-2 CAPLUS RN

1-Piperazineacetic- $\alpha$ -13C acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

L27 ANSWER 10 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

2005:19284 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:257250

Multiplexed protein quantitation in Saccharomyces TITLE:

cerevisiae using amine-reactive isobaric tagging

reagents

AUTHOR (S): Ross, Philip L.; Huang, Yulin N.; Marchese, Jason N.;

Williamson, Brian; Parker, Kenneth; Hattan, Stephen;

Khainovski, Nikita; Pillai, Sasi; Dey, Subhakar;

Daniels, Scott; Purkayastha, Subhasish;

Juhasz, Peter; Martin, Stephen; Bartlet-Jones,

Michael; He, Feng; Jacobson, Allan; Pappin,

Darryl J.

Applied Biosystems, Framingham, MA, 01701, USA CORPORATE SOURCE:

Molecular and Cellular Proteomics (2004), 3(12), SOURCE:

1154-1169

CODEN: MCPOBS; ISSN: 1535-9476

American Society for Biochemistry and Molecular PUBLISHER:

Biology

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal English LANGUAGE:

We describe here a multiplexed protein quantitation strategy that provides AB relative and absolute measurements of proteins in complex mixts. At the core of this methodol. is a multiplexed set of isobaric reagents that yield amine-derivatized peptides. The derivatized peptides are indistinguishable in MS, but exhibit intense low-mass MS/MS signature ions that support quantitation. In this study, we have examined the global protein expression of a wild-type yeast strain and the isogenic upf1Δ and xrn1Δ mutant strains that are defective in the

nonsense-mediated mRNA decay and the general 5' to 3' decay pathways, resp. We also demonstrate the use of 4-fold multiplexing to enable

relative protein measurements simultaneously with determination of absolute levels of

a target protein using synthetic isobaric peptide stds. We find that inactivation of Upf1p and Xrn1p causes common as well as unique effects on protein expression.

CC 9-16 (Biochemical Methods)

REFERENCE COUNT: 36 THERE ARE 36 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L27 ANSWER 11 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:425568 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 115:25568

TITLE: Immobilization of proteins and peptides on insoluble

supports for sequencing and other applications

INVENTOR(S): Pappin, Darryl J. C.; Coull, James

M.; Koester, Hubert
Millipore Corp. USA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Millipore Corp., USA SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 18 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 410323	A2	19910130	EP 1990-113972	19900720
EP 410323	A3	19920408		
R: DE, FR, GB,	IT, NL,	SE		
US 5071909	A	19911210	US 1989-385711	19890726
JP 03141300	A2	19910617	JP 1990-194113	19900724
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1989-385711 A	19890726

AB A peptide or protein is immobilized onto a flat, microporous membrane by (1) adsorbing the peptide or protein and a crosslinkable polymer onto the membrane surface, and (2) crosslinking the polymer to produce a polymer network entrapping the protein or peptide therein. The immobilized peptide or protein is suitable for sequence anal. or other chemical or enzymic processes. Thus, a polyvinylidene difluoride membrane disk containing electroblotted β-lactoglobulin A and stained with sulforhodamine B was treated with diisopropyl-carbodiimide and methylenedianiline (polymer crosslinking agent), dried, then treated with polyacrylic acid (5000 mol. weight). The prepared disk was subjected to 20 cycles of Edman degradation

The

initial sequencing yield was 35 pmol and the repetitive yield 90%.

IC ICM G01N033-68

ICA G01N033-549; G01N033-545

CC 9-15 (Biochemical Methods)

Section cross-reference(s): 34

L27 ANSWER 12 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:240863 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 114:240863

TITLE: Identification of phosphorylated sites in the mouse

glucocorticoid receptor

AUTHOR(S): Bodwell, Jack E.; Orti, Eduardo; Coull, James

M.; Pappin, Darryl J. C.; Smith, Lynda

I.; Swift, Fiona

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Physiol., Dartmouth Med. Sch., Hanover, NH,

03756, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Biological Chemistry (1991), 266(12),

7549-55

CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

Glucocorticoid receptors in vivo are phosphorylated in the absence of hormone and become hyperphosphorylated in the presence of glucocorticoid agonist but not antagonists (Orti, E., et al., 1989). As a preliminary step to elucidating the functional significance of receptor phosphorylation, phosphorylated sites were identified on the mouse receptor. Tryptic phosphopeptides from 32P-labeled receptors were purified from glucocorticoid-treated mouse thymoma cells (WEHI-7) and from stably transfected Chinese hamster ovary cells (WCL2) that express large nos. of mouse receptors. Phosphopeptide maps of receptors from these 2 cell types were almost indistinguishable. Solid phase sequencing revealed phosphorylation at serines 122, 150, 212, 220, 234, and 315 and threonine 159. Serines 122, 150, 212, 220, and 234 and the sequences surrounding them are conserved in the homologous regions of the rat and human receptors, but threonine 159 and serine 315 have no homologues in the human receptor. The 7 phosphorylated sites are in the amino-terminal domain of the receptor. All but serine 315 are within transactivation domains identified in the human and/or rat receptors. Serines 212, 220, and 234 are in a highly acidic region that in the mouse receptor is necessary for full transcription initiation activity and reduces nonspecific DNA binding. Serines 212, 220, and 234 and threonine 159 are in consensus sequences for proline-directed kinase and/or p34cdc2 kinase. Serine 122 is in a consensus sequence for casein kinase II whereas serines 150 and 315 do not appear to be in any known kinase consensus sequence. The location of many of these sites suggests a role of phosphorylation in transactivation.

CC 2-4 (Mammalian Hormones)

L27 ANSWER 13 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:243669 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 114:243669

TITLE: Functionalized membrane supports for covalent protein

microsequence analysis

AUTHOR(S): Coull, James M.; Pappin, Darryl J.

C.; Mark, Jonathan; Aebersold, Ruedi; Koster,

Hubert

CORPORATE SOURCE: MilliGen/Bios., Div. Millipore, Burlington, MA, 01803,

USA

SOURCE: Analytical Biochemistry (1991), 194(1), 110-20

CODEN: ANBCA2; ISSN: 0003-2697

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

Methods were developed for high-yield covalent attachment of peptides and proteins to isothiocyanate and arylamine-derivatized poly(vinylidene difluoride) membranes for solid-phase sequence anal. Solns. of protein or peptide were dried onto 8-mm membrane disks such that the functional groups on the surface and the polypeptide were brought into close proximity. In the case of the isothiocyanate membrane, reaction between polypeptide amino groups and the surface isothiocyanate moieties was promoted by application of aqueous N-methylmorpholine. Attachment of proteins and peptides to the arylamine surface was achieved by application of water-soluble carbodiimide in a pH 5.0 buffer. Edman degradation of covalently bound polypeptides was accomplished with initial and repetitive sequence yields ranging 33-75% and 88.5-98.5%, resp. The yields were independent of the sample load (20 pmol to >1 nmol) for either surface. Significant loss of material was not observed when attachment residues were encountered during sequence runs. Application of bovine β-lactoglobulin A chain, staphylococcus protein A, or the peptide melittin to the isothiocyanate membrane allowed for extended N-terminal sequence identification (35

residues from 20 pmol of  $\beta\text{-lactoglobulin})$ . Several synthetic and naturally occurring peptides were sequenced to the C-terminal residue following attachment to the arylamine surface. In 1 example, 10  $\mu g$  of bovine  $\alpha\text{-casein}$  was digested with staphylococcal protease V8 and the peptides were separated by reversed-phase chromatog. Peptide fractions were then directly applied to arylamine membrane disks for covalent sequence anal. From as little as 2 pmol of initial signal it was possible to determine substantial sequence information (>10 residues).

CC 9-3 (Biochemical Methods)

L27 ANSWER 14 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:627543 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 113:227543

TITLE: Membranes for solid phase protein sequencing

INVENTOR(S): Coull, James M.; Pappin, Darryl J.

C.; Koster, Hubert; Pluskal, Malcolm G.; Steuck,

Michael J.; Bonner, Alex G.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Millipore Corp., USA SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 27 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	EP 353460	A2	19900207	EP 1989-111792	19890628
	EP 353460	A3	19910904		
	R: DE, FR, GB,	IT, NL	, SE		
	US 5011861	Α	19910430	US 1988-212430	19880628
	JP 02045537	A2	19900215	JP 1989-164115	19890628
	JP 2796599	B2	19980910		
Œ	RITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1988-212430 A	19880628

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A membrane suitable for immobilizing peptides and proteins is disclosed. The membrane is a flexible, polymeric, porous membrane (preferably a polymeric fluorocarbon) which contains functional groups capable of covalently linking peptides and proteins. The functional groups can be provided by reacting the membrane itself or a coating thereon with nucleophiles which provide amino, mercapto, hydroxyl, or carboxyl functionality to the membrane surface. Addnl., surfaces containing amino groups can be further reacted with diisothiocyanates to provide an isothiocyanate functionality having enhanced covalent binding characteristics. A particularly preferred membrane for protein sequencing is a poly(vinylidene difluoride) membrane coated with crosslinked hydroxypropyl acrylate having isothiocyanate functional groups. The above membrane was prepared by activating a 2-hydroxypropyl acrylate-coated poly(vinylidene difluoride) membrane (DVPP membrane, Millipore) with 1,1'-carbonyl diimidazole, reacting the activated membrane with 1,3-diaminopropane, and then reacting the amino functionalized membrane with 1,3-phenylene diisothiocyanate. Horse heart myoglobin was immobilized on the thus-prepared membrane, and was sequenced in an automated solid-phase sequencer using 30 cycles of Edman degradation (Laursen, R. A.; 1971).

IC ICM C07K017-02

ICS G01N033-68

ICA B01D067-00; B01D069-00

CC 9-2 (Biochemical Methods) Section cross-reference(s): 35 L27 ANSWER 15 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

1991:467672 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 115:67672

New approaches to covalent sequence analysis TITLE:

Pappin, Darryl J. C.; Coull, James AUTHOR (S):

M.; Koester, Hubert

MilliGen/Biosearch Div., Millipore, Burlington, MA, CORPORATE SOURCE:

01803, USA

Curr. Res. Protein Chem.: Tech., Struct., Funct., SOURCE:

[Pap. Annu. Symp. Protein Soc.], 3rd (1990), Meeting Date 1989, 191-202. Editor(s): Villafranca, Joseph J. Academic: San Diego, Calif.

CODEN: 56XQAW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference LANGUAGE: English

A symposium report on covalent (solid-phase) sequence anal. of proteins. Thus, peptides or proteins are blotted onto an underivatized polyvinylidene membranes, stained by conventional techniques, and then

efficiently covalently immobilized to the membrane surface by entrapment in a thin polymer coating.

9-1 (Biochemical Methods)

L27 ANSWER 16 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

1990:420480 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 113:20480

Solid-phase sequence analysis of proteins TITLE:

electroblotted or spotted onto polyvinylidene

difluoride membranes

Pappin, Darryl J. C.; Coull, James AUTHOR(S):

M.; Koster, Hubert

MilliGen/Biosearch, Burlington, MA, 01803, USA CORPORATE SOURCE:

Analytical Biochemistry (1990), 187(1), 10-19 SOURCE:

CODEN: ANBCA2; ISSN: 0003-2697

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

Electroblotted proteins noncovalently bound to polyvinylidene difluoride (PVDF) membranes are typically sequenced using adsorptive sequencer protocols (gas phase or pulsed-liquid) that do not require a covalent linkage between protein and surface. Simple chemical protocols were developed where proteins are first electroblotted onto unmodified PVDF membranes, visualized with common protein stains, and then immobilized for solid-phase sequence anal. Adsorbed, stained proteins are first treated with phenylisothiocyanate (PITC) to modify  $\alpha$  and  $\epsilon$  amines. The protein is then overlayed with a solution of 1,4-phenylene diisothiocyanate (DITC), followed by a few microliters of a basic solution containing a poly(alkylamine). As the polymer dries onto the surface both polymer and remaining protein amino groups are crosslinked by DITC. The protein is thus immobilized to the membrane surface by entrapment in a thin polymer coating. The coating is transparent to the degradation chemical, and extensive enough to remain immobilized even in the absence of any covalent link between polymer and surface. Partial modification with PITC allows for identification of N-terminal and internal lysine residues during sequencing. The process was tested with a variety of poly(alkylamines), linear and branched, with mol. wts. ranging from 600 to >100,000. Proteins bound in this manner were successfully sequenced using covalent (solid-phase) sequencer protocols with cyclic times as short as 26 min.

CC 9-15 (Biochemical Methods) L27 ANSWER 17 OF 22 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:190304 USPATFULL

Method of reducing leachate from protein a affinity TITLE:

media

INVENTOR(S): Leete, Thomas D., Westford, MA, UNITED STATES

Creasey, Theresa S., Bedford, MA, UNITED STATES

Smith, Robert M., Stow, MA, UNITED STATES

Coull, James M., Westford, MA, UNITED STATES Pappin, Darryl J., Boxborough, MA, UNITED

STATES

Edwards, Brooks, Cambridge, MA, UNITED STATES

McCoy, Mark A., Framingham, MA, UNITED STATES

Applera Corporation, Foster City, CA, UNITED STATES, PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

94404 (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

US 2005165222 A1 US 2004-966188 A1 PATENT INFORMATION: 20050728

APPLICATION INFO.: 20041015 (10)

> NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2003-511521P 20031015 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility

FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: MILA KASAN, PATENT DEPT., APPLIED BIOSYSTEMS, 850

LINCOLN CENTRE DRIVE, FOSTER CITY, CA, 94404, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 27 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1 LINE COUNT: 608

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Disclosed are methods and compositions that may be used for purifying

antibodies.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L27 ANSWER 18 OF 22 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:177376 USPATFULL

TITLE: Analysis of mass spectral data in the quiet zones

Pappin, Darryl J.C., Boxborough, MA, UNITED INVENTOR(S):

**STATES** 

Applera Corporation, Framingham, MA, UNITED STATES PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

(U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE US 2005153456 A1 20050714 PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION INFO.: US 2004-999638 A1 20041126 (10)

> NUMBER DATE -----

US 2003-525478P 20031126 (60) PRIORITY INFORMATION:

US 2004-547375P 20040224 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: APPLIED BIOSYSTEMS, 500 OLD CONNECTICUT PATH,

FRAMINGHAM, MA, 01701, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 35 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 6 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 699

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Embodiments of this invention relate to the analysis of mass spectral

data in the quiet zones.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 853995-43-4 853995-44-5 853995-45-6

853995-46-7

(anal. of mass spectral data in quiet zones using label fragment ions and applications in anal. of proteins and other biomols.)

RN 853995-43-4 USPATFULL

CN 2,5-Pyrrolidinedione, 1-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)acetyl-13C2-180]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 853995-44-5 USPATFULL

CN 2,5-Pyrrolidinedione, 1-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl-1-15N)acetyl-2-13C-180](9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 853995-45-6 USPATFULL

CN 2,5-Pyrrolidinedione, 1-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl-2,3-13C2-1-15N)acetyl-1-13C]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 853995-46-7 USPATFULL

CN 2,5-Pyrrolidinedione, 1-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl-2,3-13C2-1-15N)acetyl-2-13C]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L27 ANSWER 19 OF 22 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:281111 USPATFULL

TITLE: Compositions and kits pertaining to analyte

determination

INVENTOR(S): Pappin, Darryl J.C., Boxborough, MA, UNITED

STATES

Bartlet-Jones, Michael, Worcester Park, UNITED KINGDOM

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Apple Corporation (U.S. corporation)

APPLICATION INFO.: US 2004-765267 A1 20040127 (10)

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2003-443612P 20030130 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: BRIAN D. GILDEA, APPLIED BIOSYSTEMS, 15 DEANGELO DRIVE,

BEDFORD, MA, 01730

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 70 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 13 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 2502

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

This invention pertains to methods, mixtures, kits and/or compositions for the determination of analytes by mass analysis using unique labeling reagents or sets of unique labeling reagents. The labeling reagents can be isomeric or isobaric and can be used to produce mixtures suitable for multiplex analysis of the labeled analytes.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 741683-84-1P, 1-Piperazineacetic-carboxy-13C acid

741683-85-2P, 1-Piperazineacetic- $\alpha$ -13C acid

(methods, mixts., kits and compns. pertaining to analyte determination)

RN 741683-84-1 USPATFULL

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-carboxy-13C acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 741683-85-2 USPATFULL

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-α-13C acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L27 ANSWER 20 OF 22 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:280386 USPATFULL

TITLE: Methods and mixtures pertaining to analyte

determination

INVENTOR(S): Pappin, Darryl J.C., Boxborough, MA, UNITED

STATES

Bartlet-Jones, Michael, Worcester Park, UNITED KINGDOM

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2003-443612P 20030130 (60) DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: BRIAN D. GILDEA, APPLIED BIOSYSTEMS, 15 DEANGELO DRIVE,

BEDFORD, MA, 01730

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 110 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 13 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 2896

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB This invention pertains to methods, mixtures, kits and/or compositions for the determination of analytes by mass analysis using unique labeling reagents or sets of unique labeling reagents. The labeling reagents can be isomeric or isobaric and can be used to produce mixtures suitable for multiplex analysis of the labeled analytes.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 741683-84-1P, 1-Piperazineacetic-carboxy-13C acid

**741683-85-2P**, 1-Piperazineacetic- $\alpha$ -13C acid

(methods, mixts., kits and compns. pertaining to analyte determination)

RN 741683-84-1 USPATFULL

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-carboxy-13C acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 741683-85-2 USPATFULL

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-α-13C acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L27 ANSWER 21 OF 22 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:280385 USPATFULL

TITLE: Methods and mixtures pertaining to analyte

determination using electrophilic labeling reagents

INVENTOR(S): Pappin, Darryl J.C., Boxborough, MA, UNITED

STATES

Bartlet-Jones, Michael, Worcester Park, UNITED KINGDOM

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Applera Corporation (U.S. corporation)

APPLICATION INFO.: US 2004-765264 A1 20040127 (10)

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2003-443612P 20030130 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: BRIAN D. GILDEA, APPLIED BIOSYSTEMS, 15 DEANGELO DRIVE,

BEDFORD, MA, 01730

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 114 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 13 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 2776

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB This invention pertains to methods, mixtures, kits and/or compositions for the determination of analytes by mass analysis using unique labeling reagents or sets of unique labeling reagents. The labeling reagents can be isomeric or isobaric and can be used to produce mixtures suitable for multiplex analysis of the labeled analytes.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 741683-84-1P, 1-Piperazineacetic-carboxy-13C acid

**741683-85-2P**, 1-Piperazineacetic- $\alpha$ -13C acid

(methods, mixts., kits and compns. pertaining to analyte determination)

RN 741683-84-1 USPATFULL

CN 1-Piperazineacetic-carboxy-13C acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 741683-85-2 USPATFULL

CN 1-Piperazineacetic- $\alpha$ -13C acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L27 ANSWER 22 OF 22 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 91:100423 USPATFULL

TITLE: Immobilization of proteins and peptides on insoluble

supports

INVENTOR(S): Pappin, Darryl J. C., West Concord, MA,

United States

Coull, James M., Acton, MA, United States Koester, Hubert, Concord, MA, United States

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Millipore Corporation, Bedford, MA, United States (U.S.

corporation)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Page, Thurman K. ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Kishori, G. S.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Hamilton, Brook, Smith & Reynolds

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 30 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 5 Drawing Figure(s); 3 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 807

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention pertains to a method for immobilizing proteins or peptides

onto a flat, microporous membrane surface in a form suitable for

sequence analysis or other chemical or enzymatic processes. The process

involves the formation of a thin polymer network that entraps the

protein or peptide therein.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

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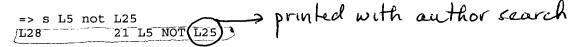
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FILE CONTENT: 1840 - 15 Jan 2006 VOL 144 ISS 3

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HIGHEST GRANTED PATENT NUMBER: US6988280
HIGHEST APPLICATION PUBLICATION NUMBER: US2006015978
CA INDEXING IS CURRENT THROUGH 19 Jan 2006 (20060119/UPCA)
ISSUE CLASS FIELDS (/INCL) CURRENT THROUGH: 19 Jan 2006 (20060119/PD)
REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Dec 2005
USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Dec 2005

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L29 3 L7 NOT (L26) printed with author search

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<u>L</u>9
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                ANSWERS '1-21' FROM FILE CAPLUS
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L30 ANSWER 1 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 1
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2005:105992 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         142:331952
TITLE:
                         Synthesis and biodistribution of [11C]R116301, a
                         promising PET ligand for central NK1 receptors
AUTHOR (S):
                         Van der Mey, M.; Janssen, C. G. M.; Janssens, F. E.;
                         Jurzak, M.; Langlois, X.; Sommen, F. M.; Verreet, B.;
                         Windhorst, A. D.; Leysen, J. E.; Herscheid, J. D. M.
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         Location Radionuclide Center, Department of Nuclear
                         Medicine and PET Research, VU University Medical
                         Center, Amsterdam, 1081 HV, Neth.
SOURCE:
                         Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry (2005), 13(5),
                         1579-1586
                         CODEN: BMECEP; ISSN: 0968-0896
PUBLISHER:
                         Elsevier Ltd.
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
LANGUAGE:
                         English
OTHER SOURCE(S):
                         CASREACT 142:331952
     N1-(2,6-Dimethylphenyl)-2-(4-{(2R,4S)-2-benzyl-1-[3,5-
     di(trifluoromethyl)[carbonyl-11C]benzoyl]hexahydro-4-
     pyridinyl}piperazino)acetamide ([11C]R116301) was prepared and evaluated as
```

a potential positron emission tomog. (PET) ligand for investigation of central neurokinin(1) (NK1) receptors. 1-Bromo-3,5di(trifluoromethyl)benzene was converted in three steps into 3,5-di(trifluoromethyl)[carbonyl-11C]benzoyl chloride, which was reacted with  $N1-(2,6-dimethylphenyl)-2-\{4-[(2R,4S)-2-benzylhexahydro-4-instance]\}$ pyridinyl]piperazino}acetamide providing [11C]R116301 in 45-57% decay-corrected radiochem. yield. The total synthesis time, from end of bombardment (EOB) to the formulated product, was 35 min. Specific activity (SA) was 82-172  $GBg/\mu mol$  (n = 10) at the end of synthesis. N1-([4-3H]-2,6-Dimethylphenyl)  $-2 - (4 - \{(2R, 4S) - 2 - benzyl - 1 - [3, 5 - benzyl - [3, 5$ di(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]hexahydro-4-pyridinyl}piperazino)acetamide ([3H]R116301) was also synthesized (SA: 467 GBq/mmol). The Bmax for [3H]R116301 measured in vitro on Chinese hamster ovary cell membranes stably transfected with the human NK1 receptor was 19.10 ± 1.02 pmol/mg protein with an apparent dissociation constant of 0.08 ± 0.01 nM. Ex vivo, in vivo and in vitro autoradiog. studies with [3H]R116301 in gerbils demonstrated a preferential accumulation of the radioactivity in the striatum, olfactory tubercule, olfactory bulb and locus coeruleus. vivo, the biodistribution of [11C]R116301 in gerbils revealed that the highest initial uptake is in the lung, followed by the liver and kidney. In the brain, maximum accumulation was found in the olfactory tubercules  $(1.10 \pm 0.08 \text{ injected dose (ID)/g 20 min post injection (p.i.))}$  and the nucleus accumbens (1.00  $\pm$  0.12 ID/g 10 min p.i.). Tissue/cerebellum concentration ratios for striatum and nucleus accumbens increased with time due to rapid uptake followed by a slow wash out (1.29 and 1.64, resp., 30 min p.i.). A tissue to cerebellum ratio of 1.33 and 1.62 was also observed for olfactory bulb and olfactory tubercules, resp. (20 min p.i.). In summary, [11C]R116301 appears to be a promising radioligand suitable for the visualization of NK1 receptors in vivo using PET.

CC 8-9 (Radiation Biochemistry)

## IT 848440-93-7P

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(synthesis and biodistribution of [11C]R116301, a promising PET ligand for central NK1 receptors)

## IT 848440-91-5P

RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (synthesis and biodistribution of [11C]R116301, a promising PET ligand for central NK1 receptors)

## IT 848440-93-7P

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(synthesis and biodistribution of [11C]R116301, a promising PET ligand for central NK1 receptors)

RN 848440-93-7 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetamide, 4-[(2R,4S)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(phenylmethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-(2,6-dimethylphenyl-4-t)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

848440-91-5P TT

> RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (synthesis and biodistribution of [11C]R116301, a promising PET ligand for central NK1 receptors)

848440-91-5 CAPLUS RN

1-Piperazineacetamide, 4-[(2R,4S)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl-CN carbonyl-11C]-2-(phenylmethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-(2,6-dimethylphenyl)-(CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 13 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 2 L30 ANSWER 2 OF 25

141:410897

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:767283 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

Synthesis and activity of 2-[4-(4-[3H]-2cyanophenyl)piperazinyl]-N-(2,4,6-[3H]3-3-

methylphenyl)acetamide: a selective dopamine D4

receptor agonist and radioligand

AUTHOR(S):

Matulenko, Mark A.; Surber, Bruce; Fan, Leimin; Kolasa, Teodozyi; Nakane, Masaki; Terranova, Marc A.; Uchic, Marie E.; Miller, Loan N.; Chang, Renjie;

Donnelly-Roberts, Diana L.; Namovic, Marian T.; Moreland, Robert B.; Brioni, Jorge D.; Stewart, Andrew

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Neuroscience Research, Global Pharmaceutical Research and Development, AP9A/L16, Abbott Laboratories, Abbott

Park, IL, 60064-6115, USA

SOURCE:

Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (2004),

14(20), 5095-5098

CODEN: BMCLE8; ISSN: 0960-894X

PUBLISHER: Elsevier B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 141:410897

GΙ

AB The first selective dopamine D4 agonist radioligand I [R = H, T] is described. The synthesis of I relied on the transformation of brominated precursors with tritium gas in the presence of a sensitive cyano functional group. The specific activity of I was measured and I [R = T] found to be suitable for use in D4 saturation and competition binding studies. The synthesis, biol., and radioactivity of this new agonist radioligand as well as preliminary SAR is discussed.

CC 28-17 (Heterocyclic Compounds (More Than One Hetero Atom))
Section cross-reference(s): 1

IT 630116-03-9P 741701-47-3P 791846-36-1P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of tritiated 2-[4-(4-[3H]-2-cyanophenyl)piperazinyl]-N-(2,4,6-[3H]3-3-methylphenyl)acetamide as a selective dopamine D4 receptor agonist and radioligand)

IT 741701-47-3P 791846-36-1P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of tritiated 2-[4-(4-[3H]-2-cyanophenyl)] piperazinyl]-N-(2,4,6-[3H]3-3-methylphenyl) acetamide as a selective dopamine D4 receptor agonist and radioligand)

RN 741701-47-3 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetamide, 4-(2-cyanophenyl-4-t)-N-(3-methylphenyl-2,4,6-t3)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 791846-36-1 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetamide, 4-(2-cyanophenyl-4-t)-N-(3-methylphenyl-4-t)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$CN$$
 $N$ 
 $CH_2$ 
 $CH_2$ 

REFERENCE COUNT: 15 THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L30 ANSWER 3 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 3

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:665984 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:6092

TITLE: Aqueous one-pot synthesis of derivatized

cyclopentadienyl-tricarbonyl complexes of 99mTc with an in situ CO source: Application to a serotonergic

receptor ligand

AUTHOR(S): Wald, Joachim; Alberto, Roger; Ortner, Kirstin;

Candreia, Lukas

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of Inorganic Chemistry, University of

Zurich, Zurich, 8057, Switz.

SOURCE: Angewandte Chemie, International Edition (2001),

40(16), 3062-3066

CODEN: ACIEF5; ISSN: 1433-7851

PUBLISHER: Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 136:6092

The authors demonstrated that half-sandwich complexes [(RCp)M(CO)3] (M = AB Re, 99mTc; R = MeCO, PhCO, o-MeOC6H4QCH2CO (Q = piperazine-1,4-diyl)) can easily be synthesized if the acid dissociation constant of the cyclopentadiene ring is increased. E.g., the reaction of acetylcyclopentadiene and derivs. with fac-[99mTc(OH2)3(CO)3]+ directly yielded the radiopharmaceutically relevant complexes [(RCp)99mTc(CO)3] (R = MeCO, o-MeOC6H4QCH2CO (Q = piperazine-1,4-diyl)) in good yields. The major impact of this work emerges from the general possibility of introducing the very small and highly lipophilic [Cp99mTc(CO)3] moiety in a wide variety of small receptor-binding biomols. Also the direct reaction of acidic and water-soluble cyclopentadiene compds. with aqua ions could lead to interesting and novel species in aqueous organometallic chemical The prepared rhenium compds. (RCp)Re(CO)3 (R = PhCO (9), o-MeOC6H4QCH2CO (Q = piperazine-1,4-diyl) (10)) were crystallized and their structures were elucidated by x-ray studies.

CC 29-11 (Organometallic and Organometalloidal Compounds) Section cross-reference(s): 8, 63, 75, 78

IT 12266-77-2P, (η5-Acetylcyclopentadienyl)tricarbonylrhenium

139410-50-7P, Tricarbonyl ( $\eta$ 5-acetylcyclopentadienyl) technetium-99Tc

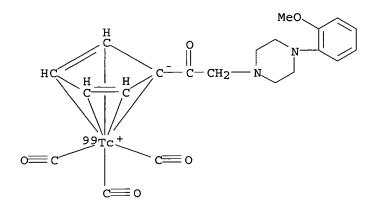
374929-96-1P **374929-97-2P** 

IT 374929-97-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)

RN 374929-97-2 CAPLUS

CN Technetium-99Tc, tricarbonyl[(1,2,3,4,5-η)-1-[[4-(2-methoxyphenyl)-1piperazinyl]acetyl]-2,4-cyclopentadien-1-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 38 THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L30 ANSWER 4 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 4

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:174788 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:370047

TITLE: The preparation of isotopically labeled

2,4,6-trisubstituted pyrimidines

AUTHOR(S): Stolle, W. T.; Hsi, R. S. P.; Easter, J. A. CORPORATE SOURCE: Pharmacia Corporation, Kalamazoo, MI, USA

SOURCE: Synthesis and Applications of Isotopically Labelled

Compounds, Proceedings of the International Symposium, 7th, Dresden, Germany, June 18-22, 2000 (2001),

Meeting Date 2000, 272-275. Editor(s): Pleiss, Ulrich; Voges, Rolf. John Wiley & Sons Ltd.:

Chichester, UK.

CODEN: 69CIJC; ISBN: 0-471-49501-8

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 137:370047

AB The condensation reactions involving isotopically labeled urea or thiourea with di-Et malonate or Et cyanoacetate were successfully used to synthesize the core structural component, 2,4,6-trisubstituted pyrimidines, for several pharmaceutical candidates. Three case studies are presented, involving tirilazad mesylate, pyrrolopyrimidine, and a non-nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitor, which were chosen for drug development requiring the preparation of radioisotope and/or stable isotope labeled material for drug absorption, distribution, metabolism, and excretion (ADME) studies. The resulting labeled pyrimidines exhibited excellent metabolic stability when used for clin. and pre-clin. ADME studies.

CC 28-16 (Heterocyclic Compounds (More Than One Hetero Atom))

IT 161860-82-8P 475292-29-6P 475292-33-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of isotopically labeled 2,4,6-trisubstituted pyrimidines)

IT 161860-82-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of isotopically labeled 2,4,6-trisubstituted pyrimidines)

RN 161860-82-8 CAPLUS

CN Pregna-1,4,9(11)-triene-3,20-dione, 21-[4-(2,6-di-1-pyrrolidinyl-4-pyrimidinyl-2-14C)-1-piperazinyl]-16-methyl-,  $(16\alpha)$ -, monomethanesulfonate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 161860-81-7 CMF C38 H52 N6 O2

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 2-A

CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S



REFERENCE COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L30 ANSWER 5 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 5

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:423479 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 111:23479

TITLE: Synthesis of [carbon-14]ciladopa AUTHOR(S): Hicks, D. R.; Dolak, L.; Foss, D.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Biochem., Ayerst Lab. Res., Inc., Princeton, NJ,

08543, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Labelled Compounds and Radiopharmaceuticals

(1988), 25(12), 1307-13

CODEN: JLCRD4; ISSN: 0362-4803

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 111:23479

GΙ

AB [14C]Ciladopa, (S)-(-)-2-[4-[[2-14C]-2-hydroxy-2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]-1-piperazinyl]-2,4,6-cycloheptatrien-1-one hydrochloride (I), was synthesized in six steps incorporating [14C]carbon dioxide. [7-14C]acetoveratrole, 3,4-(MeO)2C6H414COMe, obtained from veratric acid via the acid chloride, was brominated and coupled with a troponylpiperazine salt. The resulting ketone was stereospecifically reduced microbiol. to give the (S)-(-) enantiomer of the alc. Two batches of I were produced, giving a combined overall yield of 25% from [14C]barium carbonate (sp. act. 44.7 ± 0.6 and 43.4 ± 0.8 μCi/mg; 99.2 and 98.9% radiochem. purity, resp.).

Ι

- CC 28-17 (Heterocyclic Compounds (More Than One Hetero Atom))
  Section cross-reference(s): 9
- IT 121163-53-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and enzymic reduction of, by Candida guilliermondii)

IT 121163-53-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and enzymic reduction of, by Candida guilliermondii)

RN 121163-53-9 CAPLUS

CN 2,4,6-Cycloheptatrien-1-one, 2-[4-[2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-oxoethyl-2-14C]-1-piperazinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L30 ANSWER 6 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 6

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:637184 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 107:237184

TITLE: Vinyl carbanions. Part 30. A convenient synthesis of

3-deoxy-D-gluco-2-octulosonate (D-gluco KDO)

AUTHOR(S): Lafont, Dominique; Hoch, Monika; Schmidt, Richard R.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Fak. Chem., Univ. Konstanz, Konstanz, D-7750, Fed.

Rep. Ger.

SOURCE: Journal of Carbohydrate Chemistry (1986), 5(4), 601-14

CODEN: JCACDM; ISSN: 0732-8303

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 107:237184

GI

Treatment of di-tert-butyl (E)-2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-2-butenedioate with Li diisopropylamide in THF followed by treatment with 2,3:4,5-di-O-isopropylidene-D-arabinose gave 44% gluco-octenolactone I and 11% manno isomer. I dissolved in MeOH-H2O was treated with CF3CO2H to give 60% lactone II (R = CO2CMe3), which on heating in H2O gave 74% II (R = H), which on treatment with NH3 gave D-gluco-KDO salt III.

CC 33-8 (Carbohydrates)

IT 111376-00-2P 111376-01-3P

RN 111376-00-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Butenedioic-2-d acid, 3-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-, bis(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 111376-01-3 CAPLUS

CN 2-Butenedioic-2-d acid, 3-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-, bis(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester, (Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

L30 ANSWER 7 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:581586 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:281735

TITLE: Synthesis and initial PET imaging of new potential NK1

receptor radioligands 1-[2-(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyloxy)-1-phenyl-ethyl]-4-[11C]methyl-piperazine and {4-[2-(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyloxy)-1-phenyl-ethyl]-piperazine-1-yl}-acetic acid [11C]methyl ester

AUTHOR(S): Gao, Mingzhang; Mock, Bruce H.; Hutchins, Gary D.;

Zheng, Qi-Huang

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Radiology, Indiana University School of

Medicine, Indianapolis, IN, 46202-2111, USA

SOURCE: Nuclear Medicine and Biology (2005), 32(5), 543-552

CODEN: NMBIEO; ISSN: 0969-8051

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Inc.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

The NK1 receptor radioligands 1-[2-(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyloxy)-1-phenyl-ethyl]-4-[11C]methyl-piperazine ([11C]BMP, [11C]1) and {4-[2-(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyloxy)-1-phenyl-ethyl]-piperazine-1-yl}-acetic acid [11C]methyl ester ([11C]BME, [11C]2) were synthesized for evaluation as new potential PET imaging agents for brain NK1 receptors. The new tracers [11C]BMP and [11C]BME were prepared by N-[11C]methylation and O-[11C]methylation of corresponding precursors 1-[2-(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyloxy)-1-phenyl-ethyl]-piperazine and {4-[2-(3,5-bis-trifluoromethyl-benzyloxy)-1-phenyl-ethyl]-piperazine-1-yl}-acetic acid using [11C]methyl triflate and isolated by solid-phase extraction

(SPE) purification procedure with 40-55% radiochem. yields, decay corrected to end

of bombardment, and a synthesis time of 15-20 min. The initial PET dynamic studies of the tracers [11C]1 and [11C]2 in rats were performed using an animal PET scanner, IndyPET-II, developed in our laboratory The results show the tracer [11C]BMP had better uptake in the animal brain than the tracer [11C]BME and gave higher quality rat brain images. Blocking studies by i.v. coinjection of hot tracer [11C]BMP with cold drug BMP had no effect on [11C]BMP-PET rat brain imaging. Likewise, blocking studies by i.v. coinjection of hot tracer [11C]BME with cold drug BME also showed no effect on [11C]BME-PET rat brain imaging. These results suggest that the localization of [11C]BMP and [11C]BME in rat brain is mediated by nonspecific processes, and the visualization of [11C]BMP-PET and [11C]BME-PET on rat brain is related to nonspecific binding.

CC 8-9 (Radiation Biochemistry)

IT 864464-58-4P 864464-59-5P

RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (synthesis and initial PET imaging of new potential NK1 receptor radioligands [11C]BMP and [11C]BME)

IT 864464-59-5P

RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (synthesis and initial PET imaging of new potential NK1 receptor radioligands [11C]BMP and [11C]BME)

RN 864464-59-5 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic acid, 4-[2-[[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methoxy]-1-phenylethyl]-, methyl-11C ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT: 25 THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L30 ANSWER 8 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:674075 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:200544

TITLE: [3H] A-369508 (2-[4-(2-cyanophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-N-

(3-methylphenyl) acetamide): an agonist radioligand

selective for the dopamine D4 receptor

AUTHOR(S): Moreland, Robert B.; Terranova, Marc A.; Chang,

Renjie; Uchic, Marie E.; Matulenko, Mark A.; Surber,

Bruce W.; Stewart, Andrew O.; Brioni, Jorge D.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Neuroscience Research Global Pharmaceutical Research

and Development, Abbott Laboratories, Abbott Park, IL,

60064-6118, USA

SOURCE: European Journal of Pharmacology (2004), 497(2),

147-154

CODEN: EJPHAZ; ISSN: 0014-2999

PUBLISHER: Elsevier
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

Tritiation of the dopamine D4 receptor selective agonist A-369508 ΔR (2-[4-(2-cyanophenyl)-1-piperazinyl]-N-(3-methylphenyl) acetamide) has provided a radioligand for the characterization of dopamine D4 receptors. [3H] A-369508 binds with high affinity to the major human dopamine D4 receptor variants D4.2, D4.4 and D4.7 (Kd=1.7, 4, and 1.2 nM, resp.). also binds to the rat dopamine D4 receptor, (Kd=4.4 nM), implying similar binding affinity across human and rat receptors. A-369508 shows >400-fold selectivity over D2L, >350-fold selectivity over 5-HT1A and >700-1000-fold selectivity over all other receptors tested. Agonist activity determined by inhibition of forskolin-induced cAMP in Chinese hamster ovary cells transfected with the human dopamine D4.4 receptor (EC50=7.5 nM, intrinsic activity=0.71) indicates that A-369508 is a potent agonist at the human dopamine D4 receptor. Similar data was observed in other functional assays. [3H] A-369508 binds to a single, high affinity site on membranes containing the human dopamine D4.4 receptor. When compared to the D2-like antagonist [3H] spiperone, competition binding for agonists like dopamine and apomorphine were 2-10-fold more potent with [3H] A-369508, while the antagonists clozapine, haloperidol and L-745870 bind with similar affinity to both ligands. Binding to rat brain regions demonstrated that the most abundant area was cerebral cortex (51.2 fmol/mg protein) followed by hypothalamus, hippocampus, striatum and cerebellum. [3H] A-369508 is a useful tool to define the localization and physiol. role of dopamine D4 receptors in central nervous system and can facilitate measuring accurate affinities (Ki) for structure/activity relationship studies designed to identify dopamine D4 receptor selective agonists.

CC 2-8 (Mammalian Hormones)

Section cross-reference(s): 1

IT 630116-03-9, A 369508 **741701-47-3**, [3H]-A 369508 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use,

$$\begin{array}{c|c} T & & & \\ \hline \\ T & & \\ \hline \\ CN & & \\ \end{array}$$

REFERENCE COUNT: 25 THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L30 ANSWER 9 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 20

2003:376987 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:385215

TITLE:

Preparation of isotopically-coded affinity markers for

mass spectrometric analysis of proteins

INVENTOR (S):

Lerchen, Hans-Georg; Siegmund, Hans-Ulrich; Immler,

Dorian; Schumacher, Andreas; Auriel, Daniel

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Bayer Aktiengesellschaft, Germany

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 102 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

German

LANGUAGE:

1

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2003040288	A2 20030	515 WO 2002-EP12105	20021030
WO 2003040288	A3 20031	211	
W: AE, AG, A	L, AM, AT, AU,	AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY,	BZ, CA, CH, CN,
		DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI,	
GM, HR, H	J, ID, IL, IN,	IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR,	KZ, LC, LK, LR,
LS, LT, L	J, LV, MA, MD,	MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ,	NO, NZ, OM, PH,
PL, PT, R	O, RU, SD, SE,	SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM,	TN, TR, TT, TZ,
UA, UG, U	S, UZ, VC, VN,	YU, ZA, ZM, ZW	
RW: GH, GM, K	E, LS, MW, MZ,	SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM,	ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
KG, KZ, M	O, RU, TJ, TM,	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ,	DE, DK, EE, ES,
FI, FR, G	B, GR, IE, IT,	LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK,	TR, BF, BJ, CF,
CG, CI, C	M, GA, GN, GQ,	GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD,	TG
DE 10234415	A1 20030	522 DE 2002-10234415	20020729
CA 2466328	AA 20030	515 CA 2002-2466328	20021030
EP 1446665	A2 20040	818 EP 2002-774759	20021030
R: AT, BE, C	H, DE, DK, ES,	FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU,	NL, SE, MC, PT,

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IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK
                       A1 20041117 EP 2003-9894
    EP 1477493
                                                               20030515
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            IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
    US 2005049406
                        A1
                              20050303
                                         US 2004-494999
                                                               20041029
                                                            A 20011109
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                         DE 2001-10154745
                                         DE 2002-10234415 A 20020729
                                                           W 20021030
                                         WO 2002-EP12105
                      MARPAT 138:385215
OTHER SOURCE(S):
GT
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- * STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *
- AB The invention concerns isotopically-coded affinity markers (ICAT), A-L-PRG, e.g., I [A = affinity ligand (especially biotin); PRG = protein reactive group (maleimido, chloroalkyl, acryloyl); L = linker, L*; Z = NHCH2CO; L' = bridge between piperazines; R, R' = piperazine ring, D-, L-or (±)-amino acid; Z' = COCH2NH; k, l, m, n = 0 10, whereby k + l + m + n = 1 40] or its salts, for mass spectrometric anal. of proteins, and the preparation and use of said markers. Thus, biotin derivative I was prepared from

piperazide II via regioselective deprotection, N-acylation with 3-maleimidopropionic acid, N-deprotection and coupling of, with biotin derivative III. Mass spectrometric anal. of proteins was carried out using ICAT I.

- IC ICM C12N
- CC 26-9 (Biomolecules and Their Synthetic Analogs) Section cross-reference(s): 9, 34

525587-33-1P 525587-35-3P, N-Boc-[1,2-13C2]-Glycine IT 525583-79-3P 525587-45-5P methyl ester 525587-39-7P 525587-46-6P 525587-49-9P 525587-55-7P 525587-56-8P 525587-58-0P 525587-54-6P 525587-52-4P 525587-62-6P 525587-66-0P 525587-64-8P 525587-60-4P

525587-68-2P 525587-70-6P 525587-72-8P

525587-74-0P 525587-80-8P 525587-82-0P 525587-84-2P 525587-86-4P 525587-89-7P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and N-deprotection of; preparation of isotopically-coded affinity

markers for mass spectrometric anal. of proteins)

IT 525587-57-9P 525587-59-1P 525587-61-5P 525587-63-7P 525587-65-9P 525587-67-1P **525587-69-3P 525587-71-7P** 525587-73-9P 525587-83-1P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and coupling of, with biotin derivative; preparation of isotopically-coded affinity markers for mass spectrometric anal. of proteins)

TT 525587-21-7P 525587-22-8P 525587-23-9P **525587-28-4P 525587-30-8P 525587-32-0P** 525587-51-3P 525587-81-9P
525587-95-5P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and reaction of, with biotin derivative; preparation of isotopically-coded affinity markers for mass spectrometric anal. of proteins)

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525587-18-2P 525587-24-0P 525587-25-1P
IT
    525587-03-5P
                   525587-34-2P
                                 525587-44-4P
    525587-26-2P
    RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation and regioselective N-deprotection of; preparation of
       isotopically-coded affinity markers for mass spectrometric anal. of
       proteins)
                                 525586-43-0P
                                                525586-44-1P
                                                               525586-45-2P
    525586-41-8P
                   525586-42-9P
IT
    525586-46-3P
                   525586-47-4P
                                 525586-48-5P
                                                525586-49-6P
                                                               525586-50-9P
                                 525586-53-2P
                                                525586-54-3P
                                                               525586-55-4P
    525586-51-0P
                   525586-52-1P
                   525586-57-6P
                                 525586-58-7P
                                                525586-59-8P
                                                               525586-60-1P
    525586-56-5P
                   525586-63-4P
                                 525586-64-5P
                                                525586-65-6P
                                                               525586-66-7P
    525586-62-3P
                   525586-68-9P
                                                               525586-71-4P
                                 525586-69-0P
                                                525586-70-3P
    525586-67-8P
                                                525586-75-8P
                                                               525586-76-9P
                   525586-73-6P
                                 525586-74-7P
    525586-72-5P
                   525586-78-1P 525586-79-2P 525586-80-5P
    525586-77-0P
                   525586-82-7DP, NovaSyn TG resin-bound amide
    525586-81-6P
                                                               525586-87-2P
                   525586-84-9P
                                 525586-85-0P
                                                525586-86-1P
    525586-83-8P
    525586-88-3DP, aminopropylated silica gel-bound amide
    RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); ANST
     (Analytical study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (preparation of isotopically-coded affinity markers for mass spectrometric
        anal. of proteins)
     525587-68-2P 525587-70-6P 525587-72-8P
IT
    RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation and N-deprotection of; preparation of isotopically-coded
affinity
       markers for mass spectrometric anal. of proteins)
RN
    525587-68-2 CAPLUS
    CN
     oxobutyl]amino-15N]acetyl-13C2]amino]acetyl-13C2]-1-piperazinyl]oxoacetyl]-
     1-piperazinyl]-2-oxoethyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX
    NAME)
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PAGE 2-A

RN 525587-70-6 CAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [2-[4-[[4-[[[[4-(2,5-dihydro-2,5-dioxo-1H-pyrrol-1-yl)-1-oxobutyl]amino-15N]acetyl-13C2]amino]acetyl-13C2]-1-piperazinyl]oxoacetyl]-1-piperazinyl-2,3,5,6-13C4-1,4-15N2]-2-oxoethyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 2-A

RN 525587-72-8 CAPLUS

CN

Carbamic acid, [2-[4-[[4-[[[[4-(2,5-dihydro-2,5-dioxo-1H-pyrrol-1-yl)-1-oxobutyl]amino-15N]acetyl-13C2]amino]acetyl-13C2]-1-piperazinyl-2,3,5,6-13C4-1,4-15N2]oxoacetyl]-1-piperazinyl-2,3,5,6-13C4-1,4-15N2]-2-oxoethyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 2-A

PAGE 3-A

#### IT 525587-69-3P 525587-71-7P 525587-73-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and coupling of, with biotin derivative; preparation of isotopically-coded affinity markers for mass spectrometric anal. of proteins)

RN 525587-69-3 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrrole-1-butanamide-15N, N-[2-[[2-[4-[[4-(aminoacetyl)-1-piperazinyl]-2-oxoethyl-13C2]amino]-2-oxoethyl-13C2]-2,5-dihydro-2,5-dioxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 525587-71-7 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrrole-1-butanamide-15N, N-[2-[[2-[4-[[4-(aminoacetyl)-1-piperazinyl-2,3,5,6-13C4-1,4-15N2]oxoacetyl]-1-piperazinyl]-2-oxoethyl-13C2]amino]-2-oxoethyl-13C2]-2,5-dihydro-2,5-dioxo-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 525587-73-9 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrrole-1-butanamide-15N, N-[2-[[2-[4-[[4-(aminoacetyl)-1-piperazinyl-2,3,5,6-13C4-1,4-15N2]oxoacetyl]-1-piperazinyl-2,3,5,6-13C4-1,4-15N2]-2-oxoethyl-13C2]amino]-2-oxoethyl-13C2]-2,5-dihydro-2,5-dioxo-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 3-A

# IT 525587-28-4P 525587-30-8P 525587-32-0P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and reaction of, with biotin derivative; preparation of isotopically-coded affinity markers for mass spectrometric anal. of proteins)

RN 525587-28-4 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrrole-1-butanamide-15N, 2,5-dihydro-2,5-dioxo-N-[2-oxo-2-[[2-oxo-2-[4-(oxo-1-piperazinylacetyl)-1-piperazinyl]ethyl-13C2]amino]ethyl-13C2]-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 525587-27-3 CMF C22 H31 N7 O7

PAGE 2-A

CM 2

CRN 76-05-1 CMF C2 H F3 O2

RN 525587-30-8 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrrole-1-butanamide-15N, 2,5-dihydro-2,5-dioxo-N-[2-oxo-2-[[2-oxo-2-[4-(oxo-1-piperazinyl-2,3,5,6-13C4-1,4-15N2-acetyl)-1-piperazinyl]ethyl-13C2]amino]ethyl-13C2]-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 525587-29-5 CMF C22 H31 N7 O7

CM 2

CRN 76-05-1 CMF C2 H F3 O2

RN 525587-32-0 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrrole-1-butanamide-15N, 2,5-dihydro-2,5-dioxo-N-[2-oxo-2-[[2-oxo-2-[4-(oxo-1-piperazinyl-2,3,5,6-13C4-1,4-15N2-acetyl)-1-piperazinyl-2,3,5,6-13C4-1,4-15N2-]ethyl-13C2]amino]ethyl-13C2]-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 525587-31-9 CMF C22 H31 N7 O7

PAGE 1-A

CM 2

CRN 76-05-1 CMF C2 H F3 O2

IT 525587-24-0P 525587-25-1P 525587-26-2P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and regioselective N-deprotection of; preparation of isotopically-coded affinity markers for mass spectrometric anal. of proteins)

RN 525587-24-0 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[oxo[4-[[[[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino-15N]acetyl-13C2]amino]acetyl-13C2]-1-piperazinyl]acetyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

RN 525587-25-1 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazine-2,3,5,6-13C4-1,4-15N2-carboxylic acid, 4-[oxo[4-[[[[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino-15N]acetyl-13C2]amino]acetyl-13C2]-1-piperazinyl]acetyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

RN 525587-26-2 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazine-2,3,5,6-13C4-1,4-15N2-carboxylic acid, 4-[oxo[4-[[[[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino-15N]acetyl-13C2]amino]acetyl-13C2]-1-piperazinyl-2,3,5,6-13C4-1,4-15N2]acetyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

t-BuO-C

13C

15N

13CH2

13C

15N

13CH2

13C

15N

13CH2

13CH2

13CH2

13CH2

13CH2

13CH2

13CH2

PAGE 1-B

IT 525586-79-2P 525586-80-5P 525586-81-6P

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); ANST (Analytical study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of isotopically-coded affinity markers for mass spectrometric anal. of proteins)

RN 525586-79-2 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Thieno[3,4-d]imidazole-4-pentanamide, N-[4-[[[2-[4-[[4-[[[[4-(2,5-dihydro-2,5-dioxo-1H-pyrrol-1-yl)-1-oxobutyl]amino-15N]acetyl-13C2]amino]acetyl-13C2]-1-piperazinyl]oxoacetyl]-1-piperazinyl]-2-oxoethyl]amino]thioxomethyl]amino]phenyl]hexahydro-2-oxo-, (3aS,4S,6aR)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

RN 525586-80-5 CAPLUS

CN

1H-Thieno[3,4-d]imidazole-4-pentanamide, N-[4-[[[2-[4-[[4-[[4-[[4-(2,5-dihydro-2,5-dioxo-1H-pyrrol-1-yl)-1-oxobutyl]amino-15N]acetyl-13C2]amino]acetyl-13C2]-1-piperazinyl]oxoacetyl]-1-piperazinyl-2,3,5,6-13C4-1,4-15N2]-2-oxoethyl]amino]thioxomethyl]amino]phenyl]hexahydro-2-oxo-, (3aS,4S,6aR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 1-C



RN 525586-81-6 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Thieno[3,4-d]imidazole-4-pentanamide, N-[4-[[[2-[4-[[4-[[4-[[4-(2,5-dihydro-2,5-dioxo-1H-pyrrol-1-yl)-1-oxobutyl]amino-15N]acetyl-13C2]amino]acetyl-13C2]-1-piperazinyl-2,3,5,6-13C4-1,4-15N2]oxoacetyl]-1-piperazinyl-2,3,5,6-13C4-1,4-15N2]-2-oxoethyl]amino]thioxomethyl]amino]phenyl]hexahydro-2-oxo-, (3aS,4S,6aR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

### PAGE 1-B

PAGE 1-C

L30 ANSWER 10 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:725193 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:32571

TITLE: Comparative distribution of binding of the muscarinic

receptor ligands pirenzepine, AF-DX 384, (R,R)-I-QNB

and (R,S)-I-QNB to human brain

AUTHOR(S): Piggott, Margaret; Owens, Jonathan; O'Brien, John;

Paling, Sean; Wyper, David; Fenwick, John; Johnson,

Mary; Perry, Robert; Perry, Elaine

CORPORATE SOURCE: Centre Development in Clinical Brain Ageing,

MRC/University of Newcastle, Newcastle General Hospital, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, NE4 6BE, UK

SOURCE: Journal of Chemical Neuroanatomy (2002), 24(3),

211-223

CODEN: JCNAEE; ISSN: 0891-0618

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

Quinuclidinyl benzilate (QNB) and its derivs. are being developed to investigate muscarinic receptor changes in vivo in Alzheimer's disease and dementia with Lewy bodies. This is the first study of [1251]-(R,R)-I-QNB and [1251]-(R,S)-I-QNB binding in vitro in human brain. We have compared the in vitro binding of the muscarinic ligands [3H]pirenzepine and [3H]AF-DX 384, which have selectivity for the M1 and M2/M4 receptor subtypes, resp., to the binding of [125I]-(R,R)-I-QNB and [125I] - (R,S) - I - QNB. This will provide a guide to the interpretation of in vivo SPET images generated with [1231]-(R,R)-I-QNB and [1231]-(R,S)-I-QNB. Binding was investigated in striatum, globus pallidus, thalamus and cerebellum, and cingulate, insula, temporal and occipital cortical areas, which show different proportions of muscarinic receptor subtypes, in post-mortem brain from normal individuals. M1 receptors are of high d. in cortex and striatum and are relatively low in the thalamus and cerebellum, while M4 receptors are mainly expressed in the striatum, and M2 receptors are most evident in the cerebellum and thalamus. [1251]-(R,R)-I-QNB and

[125I]-(R,S)-I-QNB d. distribution patterns were consistent with binding to both M1 and M4 receptors, with [125I]-(R,R)-I-QNB addnl. binding to a non-cholinergic site not displaceable by atropine. This distribution can be exploited by in vivo imaging, developing ligands for both SPET and PET, to reveal muscarinic receptor changes in Alzheimer's disease and dementia with Lewy bodies during the disease process and following cholinergic therapy.

CC 8-9 (Radiation Biochemistry)

IT 88000-58-2 88000-63-9 **124620-97-9** 140186-38-5

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(comparative distribution of binding of the muscarinic receptor ligands pirenzepine, AF-DX 384, (R,R)-I-QNB and (R,S)-I-QNB to human brain)

IT 124620-97-9

RN

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(comparative distribution of binding of the muscarinic receptor ligands pirenzepine, AF-DX 384, (R,R)-I-QNB and (R,S)-I-QNB to human brain) 124620-97-9 CAPLUS

CN 6H-Pyrido[2,3-b][1,4]benzodiazepin-6-one, 5,11-dihydro-11-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)acetyl]-, labeled with tritium (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT: 48 THERE ARE 48 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L30 ANSWER 11 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:675170 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:122357

TITLE: Molecular structure, hydrogen bonding, basicity and

spectroscopic properties of N,N'-dimethylpiperazine

betaines and their hydrohalides

AUTHOR(S): Dega-Szafran, Z.; Jaskolski, M.; Kurzyca, I.;

Barczynski, P.; Szafran, M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Faculty of Chemistry, Adam Mickiewicz University,

Poznan, 60-780, Pol.

SOURCE: Journal of Molecular Structure (2002), 614(1-3), 23-32

CODEN: JMOSB4; ISSN: 0022-2860

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

GI

Two N,N'-dimethylpiperazine betaines [mono (I) and double (II)] have been synthesized. Betaine I reacts with two equivalent of HCl or HBr, while II only with one. In the crystal structure of N,N'-dicarboxymethyl-N,N'-dimethylpiperazine monohydrochloride (N,N'-dimethylpiperazine doublebetaine monohydrochloride, III) determined by X-ray diffraction, the piperazinium moieties form infinite chains bridged by very strong, sym. and linear hydrogen bonds (0···0 2.460(2) A). The piperazine ring adopts a chair conformation with the CH2COOH group in the axial and the Me group in the equatorial positions. The N+ atoms interact electrostatically with the Cl- ion and the oxygen atoms of the carboxylate groups. The FTIR spectrum of 7-Cl shows an intense broad absorption in the 1500-400 cm-1 region and a vC:O band at 1734 cm-1. The pKa values of I and II were determined by potentiometric titration The 1H and 13C NMR spectra in D2O were analyzed.

CC 22-12 (Physical Organic Chemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 75

IT 488721-89-7P 488721-90-0P 488721-93-3P 488721-94-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation, mol. structure, hydrogen bonding, basicity and spectroscopic properties of N,N'-dimethylpiperazine betaines and their hydrohalides)

IT 488721-93-3P 488721-94-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation, mol. structure, hydrogen bonding, basicity and spectroscopic properties of N,N'-dimethylpiperazine betaines and their hydrohalides)

RN 488721-93-3 CAPLUS

CN Piperazinium, 1-(carboxy-d-methyl)-1,4-dimethyl-, chloride, hydrochloride-d (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● cl-

DC1

RN 488721-94-4 CAPLUS

CN Piperazinium, 1,4-bis(carboxy-d-methyl)-1,4-dimethyl-, inner salt, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
O & Me \\
N & CH_2 - CO_2
\end{array}$$
Me
Me

● Cl -

REFERENCE COUNT: 39 THERE ARE 39 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L30 ANSWER 12 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:748069 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:106840

TITLE: A Light-Activated Antibody Catalyst AUTHOR(S): Taylor, Matthew J.; Hoffman, Timothy Z.;

Yli-Kauhaluoma, Jari T.; Lerner, Richard A.; Janda,

Kim D.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, The Scripps Research

Institute, La Jolla, CA, 92037, USA

SOURCE: Journal of the American Chemical Society (1998),

120(49), 12783-12790

CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 130:106840

AB A catalytic antibody for a multistep Norrish type II photochem. reaction was investigated. Absorption of light energy by an  $\alpha$ -ketoamide substrate produced a high-energy biradical intermediate, that was then directed by the antibody microenvironment to form tetrahydropyrazine with a kcat of 1.4 + 10-3 min-1 at 280 nm irradiation and an enantiomeric

excess of 78%. Antibody-catalyzed reactions performed with radiolabeled substrate indicated that little self-inactivation (6.8 mol % covalent modification after four turnovers per antibody) occurred. The singular product obtained in the antibody-catalyzed reaction was not observed in the uncatalyzed reaction unless the pH was lowered below 4. Studies suggested that the interplay of conformational control and chemical catalysis were responsible for the high specificity. A change in protonation state of the antibody was correlated with the inclusion of a new reaction pathway in the antibody-catalyzed reaction, indicating that general-base catalysis was involved in the rerouting of the Norrish reaction to form tetrahydropyrazine. An x-ray crystal structure of the substrate was obtained and suggested that the antibody binds the  $\alpha$ -ketoamide in a twisted conformation optimal for the first step of the photochem. reaction. The antibody described here is a model for the evolution of light-activated enzymes and can serve as a foundation for the development of light-dependent antibody catalysts for a range of even more complex photochem. reactions.

7-4 (Enzymes) CC

Section cross-reference(s): 75

219661-59-3P 219661-64-0P TΤ 219661-57-1P

> RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)

(synthesis of substrates for a light-activated antibody catalyst of a Norrish type II photochem. reaction)

IT 219661-64-0P

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)

(synthesis of substrates for a light-activated antibody catalyst of a Norrish type II photochem. reaction)

RN

219661-64-0 CAPLUS
Propanamide, N-[4-[[4-[4-(acetyl-1-14C-amino)-1-oxobutyl]-1-CNpiperazinyl]oxoacetyl]phenyl]-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

THERE ARE 35 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 35 REFERENCE COUNT: RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L30 ANSWER 13 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

1996:430484 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

125:131552 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Replacing 14C with stable isotopes in drug metabolism TITLE:

studies

Abramson, Fred P.; Teffera, Yohannes; Kusmierz, Josef; AUTHOR (S):

Steenwyk, Rick C.; Pearson, Paul G.

Dep. Pharmacol., George Washington Univ. Sch. Med. CORPORATE SOURCE:

Health Sci., Washington, DC, 20037, USA

Drug Metabolism and Disposition (1996), 24(7), 697-701 SOURCE:

CODEN: DMDSAI; ISSN: 0090-9556

Williams & Wilkins PUBLISHER:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

After administration of a mixed dose of both radioisotope and stable-isotope-labeled tirilazad, the authors carried out a parallel set of HPLC analyses for drug metabolites in bile samples from monkeys and dogs using either radioactivity monitoring (RAM) for 14C or the chemical reaction interface mass spectrometry technique (CRIMS) to detect 13C or 15N. CRIMS is a novel method where analytes are decomposed in a microwave-induced plasma and the elements contained in the analytes are reformulated into small gaseous species that are detected by a mass spectrometer. The comprehensiveness of detection, chromatog. resolution, sensitivity, signal/noise, and quant. abilities of CRIMS were compared with RAM and in no case was RAM superior. This implies that stable isotopes may be substituted for radioisotopes in studies of drug metabolism where the ability of the latter approach to detect a label independent of the structures in which the label appears has been the primary reason for continuing to use a hazardous and expansive tracer. With HPLC-CRIMS, stable isotopes such as 13C and 15N can be comprehensively detected and quant. patterns of drug metabolism from biol. fluids can be produced that mirror the results when 14C is used.

CC 1-2 (Pharmacology)

IT 110101-67-2, Tirilazad mesylate 161860-83-9

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(replacing 14C with stable isotopes in drug metabolism studies using chemical

reaction interface mass spectrometry in relation to tirilazad metabolism) IT 161860-83-9

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

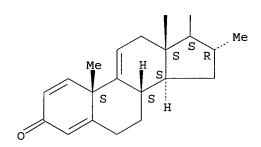
(replacing 14C with stable isotopes in drug metabolism studies using chemical

reaction interface mass spectrometry in relation to tirilazad metabolism)

RN 161860-83-9 CAPLUS

CN Pregna-1,4,9(11)-triene-3,20-dione, 21-[4-(2,6-di-1-pyrrolidinyl-4pyrimidinyl-2,4,6-13C3-1,3-15N2)-1-piperazinyl]-16-methyl-, (16α)(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 2-A



L30 ANSWER 14 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:262564 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:214319

TITLE: Synthesis of radioactive and stable isotope labeled

tirilazad mesylate

AUTHOR(S): Stolle, W. T.; Easter, J. A.; Chew, E. H.; McGarth, J.

P.; Palmer, J. R.; Hsi, R. S. P.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Upjohn Laboratories, The Upjohn Co., Kalamazoo, MI,

49001, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Labelled Compounds & Radiopharmaceuticals

(1994), 34(12), 1187-99

CODEN: JLCRD4; ISSN: 0362-4803

PUBLISHER: Wiley
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

AB Several isotopically labeled versions of tirilazad mesylate,

 $21\text{-}[4\text{-}(2,6\text{-}\text{di-}1\text{-}\text{pyrrolidinyl-}4\text{-}\text{pyrimidinyl})\text{-}1\text{-}\text{piperazinyl}]\text{-}16}\alpha\text{-}$  methylpregna-1,4,9(11)-triene-3,20-dione monomethanesulfonate, have been synthesized for conducting in vitro and in vivo metabolic transformations of this exptl. drug. These include labeling with carbon-14 at the  $16\alpha\text{-}\text{Me}$  group of the steroid portion of the mol., or at the C-2 position of the pyrimidine ring; also with deuterium at the steroid  $16\alpha\text{-}\text{Me}$  group, and/or with carbon-13 at C-2, C-4, and C-6, and with nitrogen-15 at N-1 and N-3 of the pyrimidine ring.

CC 32-5 (Steroids)

IT 110101-67-2DP, Tirilazad mesylate, labeled derivs. 161860-82-8P
161860-84-0P 161860-86-2P 161860-88-4P
161860-90-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (synthesis of radioactive and stable isotope labeled tirilazad mesylate)

IT 161860-82-8P 161860-84-0P 161860-86-2P 161860-88-4P 161860-90-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (synthesis of radioactive and stable isotope labeled tirilazad mesylate)

RN 161860-82-8 CAPLUS

CN Pregna-1,4,9(11)-triene-3,20-dione, 21-[4-(2,6-di-1-pyrrolidinyl-4-pyrimidinyl-2-14C)-1-piperazinyl]-16-methyl-,  $(16\alpha)$ -, monomethanesulfonate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 161860-81-7 CMF C38 H52 N6 O2

Absolute stereochemistry.

CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

RN 161860-84-0 CAPLUS

CN Pregna-1,4,9(11)-triene-3,20-dione, 21-[4-(2,6-di-1-pyrrolidinyl-4-pyrimidinyl-2,4,6-13C3-1,3-15N2)-1-piperazinyl]-16-methyl-, monomethanesulfonate, (16 $\alpha$ )- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 161860-83-9 CMF C38 H52 N6 O2

PAGE 1-A

CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

RN 161860-86-2 CAPLUS

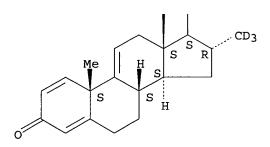
Pregna-1,4,9(11)-triene-3,20-dione, 21-[4-(2,6-di-1-pyrrolidinyl-4-pyrimidinyl)-1-piperazinyl]-16-(methyl-d3)-, monomethanesulfonate,

 $(16\alpha)$  - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 161860-85-1 CMF C38 H49 D3 N6 O2

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

RN 161860-88-4 CAPLUS

CN Pregna-1,4,9(11)-triene-3,20-dione, 21-[4-(2,6-di-1-pyrrolidinyl-4-pyrimidinyl-2,4,6-13C3-1,3-15N2)-1-piperazinyl]-16-(methyl-d3)-, monomethanesulfonate,  $(16\alpha)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 161860-87-3

CMF C38 H49 D3 N6 O2

Absolute stereochemistry.

CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

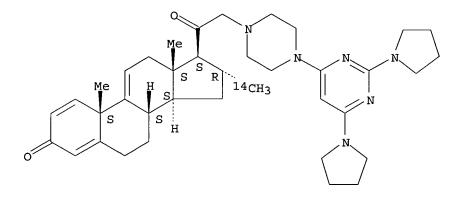
RN 161860-90-8 CAPLUS

CN Pregna-1,4,9(11)-triene-3,20-dione, 21-[4-(2,6-di-1-pyrrolidinyl-4-pyrimidinyl)-1-piperazinyl]-16-(methyl-14C)-, monomethanesulfonate,  $(16\alpha)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 161860-89-5 CMF C38 H52 N6 O2

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

L30 ANSWER 15 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:102104 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 116:102104

Recent trends in receptor analysis techniques and TITLE:

instrumentation

AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE: Palacios, J. M.; Mengod, G.; Vilaro, M. T.; Ramm, P.

Sandoz Pharma Ltd., Basel, 4002, Switz.

SOURCE:

Journal of Chemical Neuroanatomy (1991), 4(5), 343-53

CODEN: JCNAEE; ISSN: 0891-0618

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal English LANGUAGE:

Receptor autoradiog. allows visualization of receptor binding sites at the regional or light microscopic level. Receptor autoradiog. is a mature methodol., in widespread use. It is also a dynamic and expanding methodol., benefiting constantly from the introduction of new techniques and instrumentation. In particular, receptor autoradiog. has taken advantage of image anal. instrumentation to provide efficient spatial mapping of receptor populations and their pharmacol. characteristics. A major contribution to the understanding of receptors has come from the recent cloning of the genes coding for many of these receptors. allowed the use of in situ hybridization to demonstrate the cells expressing mRNA coding for specific receptor subtypes. The result is that many receptor populations, previously thought to be homogeneous, are shown to be composed of several subtypes. As a consequence, the distribution of many receptors requires re-examination, which is aided by the development of new and more selective ligands. With the incorporation of techniques from mol. biol. into receptor autoradiog., the demands upon image anal. instruments have expanded. Over the past decade, densitometric image anal. have attained a high level of sophistication for classical receptor autoradiog. However, to serve the needs of today's receptor laboratory, an image analyzer must be equally capable in regional densitometry, in counting and spatial mapping of grain and or cell locations at the microscopic level, and in analyzing electrophoresis gels. Advances in image anal. hardware and software are keeping pace with the requirements of receptor labs. As an example, the authors illustrated here some of their results with muscarinic receptors.

9-8 (Biochemical Methods) CC

131042-02-9 139182-85-7 83945-36-2 **124620-97-9** 140186-38-5 TТ

RL: ANST (Analytical study)

(autoradiog. with, of muscarinic receptors in brain, image anal. requirements for)

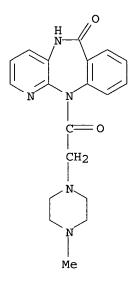
IT 124620-97-9

RL: ANST (Analytical study)

(autoradiog. with, of muscarinic receptors in brain, image anal. requirements for)

124620-97-9 CAPLUS RN

6H-Pyrido [2,3-b] [1,4] benzodiazepin-6-one, 5,11-dihydro-11-[(4-methyl-1-CN piperazinyl)acetyl]-, labeled with tritium (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L30 ANSWER 16 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:452079 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 113:52079

TITLE: Telenzepine enantiomers block muscarinic M1-receptors

with opposite kinetics

AUTHOR(S): Eltze, Manfrid

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Pharmacol., Byk Gulden Pharm., Konstanz, D-7750,

Germany

SOURCE: European Journal of Pharmacology (1990), 180(1), 161-8

CODEN: EJPHAZ; ISSN: 0014-2999

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

Stimulation of muscarinic M1-receptors in isolated rabbit vas deferens by AB McN-A-343 inhibited elec. induced twitch contractions, an effect which was competitively antagonized by (+)-,  $(\pm)$ -, and (-)-telenzepine and pirenzepine (pA2 = 9.12, 8.86, 6.98, and 7.79, resp.). The inhibition of twitch contractions by 10-6M McN-A-343 was reversed by the antimuscarinic agents (at concns. 10-fold higher than pA2) in a time-dependent manner. The antagonists were then displaced by 3 + 10-5M McN-A-343, which again led to inhibition of twitch contractions. Assuming 1st-order kinetics for M1-receptor blockade by the antagonists, half-time values for the start and end of blockade were calculated For (+)-telenzepine, the values for the rates for the start and end of blockade were 23 and 174 min, resp., whereas (-)-telenzepine exhibited an inverse kinetic pattern of 3.0 and 0.38 min, resp. The extremely slow dissociation of (+)-telenzepine from muscarinic M1-receptors may explain the long-lasting pharmacol. effect of this compound in vivo.

CC 1-3 (Pharmacology)

IT 28797-61-7, Pirenzepine 122195-38-4 122195-39-5

122219-70-9

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(muscarinic M1 receptors blockade by, kinetics of, stereoisomerism in relation to)

IT 122195-38-4 122195-39-5 122219-70-9

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(muscarinic M1 receptors blockade by, kinetics of, stereoisomerism in relation to)

RN 122195-38-4 CAPLUS

CN 10H-Thieno[3,4-b][1,5]benzodiazepin-10-one, 4,9-dihydro-3-methyl-4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)acetyl]-, labeled with tritium, (+)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- RN 122195-39-5 CAPLUS
- CN 10H-Thieno[3,4-b][1,5]benzodiazepin-10-one, 4,9-dihydro-3-methyl-4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)acetyl]-, labeled with tritium, (-)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- RN 122219-70-9 CAPLUS
- CN 10H-Thieno[3,4-b][1,5]benzodiazepin-10-one, 4,9-dihydro-3-methyl-4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)acetyl]-, labeled with tritium (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L30 ANSWER 17 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:48812 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 112:48812

TITLE: Novel oxathiolane derivatives their preparation, and

their therapeutic use

INVENTOR(S): Fisher, Abraham; Karton, Ishai

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Israel Institute for Biological Research, Israel

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 20 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 6

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE
EP 314444	A2	19890503	EP 1988-310040	-	19881026
EP 314444	A3	19901107			
EP 314444	B1	19960529			
R: AT, BE, CH,	DE, ES	, FR, GB,	IT, LI, LU, NL, SE		
US 4876260	Α	19891024	US 1988-189210		19880502
IL 87834	A1	19920525	IL 1988-87834		19880922
ZA 8807326	A	19891129	ZA 1988-7326		19880929
AU 8823671	A1	19890504	AU 1988-23671		19881012
AU 608903	B2	19910418			
AT 138663	E	19960615	AT 1988-310040		19881026
ES 2087854	Т3	19960801	ES 1988-310040		19881026
DK 8805986	A	19890429	DK 1988-5986		19881027
DK 175064	B1	20040517			
NO 8804790	A	19890502	NO 1988-4790		19881027
NO 167806	В	19910902			
NO 167806	С	19911211			
CA 1315791	A1	19930406	CA 1988-581526		19881027
JP 02062883	A2	19900302	JP 1988-271085		19881028
JP 2753280	B2	19980518			
IN 170689	Α	19920502	IN 1990-MA426		19900530
IN 170320	Α	19920314	IN 1990-MA455		19900611
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1987-114473	Α	19871028

US 1988-189210

A 19880502 A 19881005

IN 1988-MA695 CASREACT 112:48812; MARPAT 112:48812

OTHER SOURCE(S):

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
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 & Z \\
 & X & X
\end{array}$$

Spiro-oxathiolane/quinuclidine derivs. I [1 of Y and Z = 0 and the other AB is S(0)n (n = 0-2); R1, R2 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, etc. (at least R1 or R2  $\neq$  H); X = H (or when Y = O and Z = S(O)n simultaneously, X = 2H, 3H), etc.] and their geometric isomers, enantiomers, diastereomers, racemates, and acid addition salts, and pharmaceutical compns. containing them, are provided. I are useful as medicaments or diagnostic agents, or in the manufacture of medicaments and diagnostic agents, applicable to diseases or disorders of the central nervous or cholinergic system. Ten derivs. were tested for their ability, as compared with oxotremorine (mainly an M2 muscarinic receptor agonist) and McN-A-343 (mainly an M1 muscarinic receptor agonist), to displace tritiated quinuclidinyl benzilate (3H-QNB) from rat brain homogenates. The (-)-cis-2-methylspiro(1,3-oxathiolan-5,3')quinulcidine was 2.2 times more potent in 3H-QNB displacement than its racemate. Moreover, the latter was the most selective M1 agonist, being more selective than the prototype M1 agonist McN-A-343.

IC ICM C07D497-20

ICS C07B059-00; A61K031-435; A61K043-00

ICI C07D497-20, C07D327-00, C07D221-00

CC 1-11 (Pharmacology)

Section cross-reference(s): 28

IT 70761-70-5 **124620-97-9** 124620-98-0

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(displacement from rat brain homogenate of, by spiro-oxathiolane/quinuclidine derivs.)

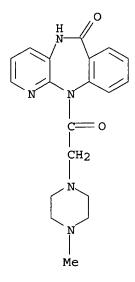
IT 124620-97-9

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(displacement from rat brain homogenate of, by spiro-oxathiolane/quinuclidine derivs.)

RN 124620-97-9 CAPLUS

CN 6H-Pyrido[2,3-b][1,4]benzodiazepin-6-one, 5,11-dihydro-11-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)acetyl]-, labeled with tritium (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L30 ANSWER 18 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:151426 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 112:151426

TITLE: Cyproheptadine displays high affinity for muscarinic

receptors but does not discriminate between receptor

subtypes

AUTHOR(S): Eltze, Manfrid; Lambrecht, Guenter; Mutschler, Ernst

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Pharmacol., Byk Gulden Pharm., Konstanz, D-7750,

Fed. Rep. Ger.

SOURCE: European Journal of Pharmacology (1989), 173(2-3),

219-22

CODEN: EJPHAZ; ISSN: 0014-2999

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB The affinity of cyproheptadine for different muscarinic receptor subtypes was investigated in vitro by functional expts. in field-stimulated vas deferens of the rabbit (ganglionic M1- and cardiac M2-receptors) and in guinea pig ileum (smooth muscle M3-receptors). Cyproheptadine displayed high but similar affinity for all muscarinic receptor subtypes studied (pA2 = 7.99-8.02). In contrast, (+)-telenzepine (M1 over M2 and M3) and mefurtramine (M2 over M3 and M1) were selective.

CC 1-7 (Pharmacology)

IT 122195-38-4 126116-01-6

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(muscarinic receptor subtypes response to, specificity of,

cyproheptadine in relation to)

IT 122195-38-4

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(muscarinic receptor subtypes response to, specificity of,

cyproheptadine in relation to)

RN 122195-38-4 CAPLUS

CN 10H-Thieno[3,4-b][1,5]benzodiazepin-10-one, 4,9-dihydro-3-methyl-4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)acetyl]-, labeled with tritium, (+)- (9CI) (CA INDEX

NAME)

L30 ANSWER 19 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1989:490172 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

111:90172

TITLE:

The affinity, selectivity and biological activity of

telenzepine enantiomers

AUTHOR (S):

Schudt, C.; Boer, R.; Eltze, M.; Riedel, R.; Grundler,

G.; Birdsall, N. J. M.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Dep. Pharmacol., Byk Gulden Res. Lab., Konstanz,

D-7750, Fed. Rep. Ger.

SOURCE:

European Journal of Pharmacology (1989), 165(1), 87-96

CODEN: EJPHAZ; ISSN: 0014-2999

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

AΒ The binding of the enantiomers of telenzepine, an antiulcer drug, to muscarinic receptor subtypes in the quinea-pig cerebral cortex, myocardium and salivary glands was examined The (+)-enantiomer was more potent in all assays and exhibited a greater selectivity than the (-)-enantiomer for the different receptor subtypes in membrane prepns.. The enantiomeric potency ratio varied from .simeq.400 (cortical M1 receptors) to .simeq.50 (cardiac receptors). In functional assays in vitro in the rabbit vas deferens and rat atria, the affinity consts. and enantiomeric potency ratios for the 2 isomers agreed with those found in the binding assays. A high enantiomeric potency ratio, 180, was found in vivo for the ability of the telenzepine enantiomers to inhibit the production of stomach mucosal lesions in the modified Shay rat preparation The data are compatible with the blockade of M1 receptors by (+)-telenzepine and oppose the possibility that the anti-ulcer action of telenzepine is mediated via a muscarinic or non-muscarinic action of the (-)-enantiomer.

CC 1-9 (Pharmacology)

IT 122195-38-4 122195-39-5 122219-70-9

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(muscarinic receptor-blocking activity of, in ulcer inhibition, stereochem. in)

IT 122195-38-4 122195-39-5 122219-70-9

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(muscarinic receptor-blocking activity of, in ulcer inhibition, stereochem. in)

RN 122195-38-4 CAPLUS

CN 10H-Thieno[3,4-b][1,5]benzodiazepin-10-one, 4,9-dihydro-3-methyl-4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)acetyl]-, labeled with tritium, (+)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- RN 122195-39-5 CAPLUS
- CN 10H-Thieno[3,4-b][1,5]benzodiazepin-10-one, 4,9-dihydro-3-methyl-4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)acetyl]-, labeled with tritium, (-)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- RN 122219-70-9 CAPLUS
- CN 10H-Thieno[3,4-b][1,5]benzodiazepin-10-one, 4,9-dihydro-3-methyl-4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)acetyl]-, labeled with tritium (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L30 ANSWER 20 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:114197 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 94:114197

TITLE: Biochemistry of drugs. XXVI. Pharmacokinetics of

1-(4-methanesulfonylphenacyl)-4-phenylpiperazine

maleinate (mesylphenacyrazine) in rats AUTHOR(S): Franc, Z.; Smolik, S.; Horesovsky, O.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Vyzk. Ustav Farm. Biochem., Prague, Czech.

SOURCE: Cesko-Slovenska Farmacie (1980), 29(8-9), 290-3

CODEN: CKFRAY; ISSN: 0009-0530

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Czech

GI

AB 14C-labeled 1-(4-methanesulfonylphenacyl)-4-phenylpiperazine maleinate (I) [50648-51-6] (15 mg/kg, orally) was rapidly absorbed and excreted in rats. Half of the radioactivity was excreted in 15 h. The dose of 150 mg I/kg was absorbed and excreted at a substantially slower rate than higher doses. Half the administered radioactivity was excreted in urine and feces in 24 h or longer. The tissue distribution of I and its metabolites from high to low affinity was in the order: liver, kidneys, lungs, spleen, brain, testis, heart, skin, muscle, and eye. N-Phenylpiperazine [92-54-6], maleic acid [110-16-7], 1-(4-methanesulfonylphenacyl)-4-(p-hydroxyphenyl)piperazine [56621-49-9], and 1-(methanesulfonylphenyl)-2-(4-phenylpiperazinyl)ethanol [56621-54-6] were identified as I metabolites in urine. No I was found in urine.

CC 1-2 (Pharmacodynamics)

IT 76713-14-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)

IT 76713-14-9P

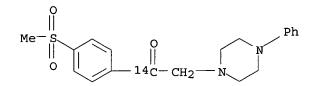
> RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

RN76713-14-9 CAPLUS

Ethanone-1-14C, 1-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(4-phenyl-1-piperazinyl)-, CN (2Z)-2-butenedioate (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 76713-13-8 CMF C19 H22 N2 O3 S



2 CM

CRN 110-16-7 CMF C4 H4 O4

Double bond geometry as shown.

L30 ANSWER 21 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

1972:475189 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

77:75189 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Synthesis of ethyl 4-(3,4,5-trimethoxycinamoyl)-[2,5-TITLE:

14C]piperazinyl acetate and ethyl 4-(3,4,5trimethoxy[ $\beta$ -14C]cinnamoyl)piperazinyl acetate

Hardy, G.; Sword, I. P.; Hathway, D. E. AUTHOR (S):

Dep. Metab. Stud., Huntingdon Res. Cent., Huntingdon, CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE: Journal of Labelled Compounds (1972), 8(2), 221-30

CODEN: JLCAAI; ISSN: 0022-2135

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

Et 4-(3,4,5-trimethoxycinnamoyl)piperazinyl-2,5-14C acetate was prepared from piperazine-2,5-14C, and Et piperazinyl-2,5-14C acetate, and Et  $4-(3,4,5-trimethoxycinnamoyl-\beta-14C)$ -piperazinyl acetate was prepared from 3,4,5-trimethoxybromobenzene and 3,4,5-trimethoxybenzaldehyde- $\alpha$ -

14C.

28-18 (Heterocyclic Compounds (More Than One Hetero Atom)) CC

2539-27-7P 2675-79-8P 37024-12-7P 37024-13-8P 37024-14-9P 37024-16-1P 38420-54-1P TT

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

IT 37024-13-8P 37024-14-9P 38420-54-1P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)

RN 37024-13-8 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazine-2,5-14C2-acetic acid, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 37024-14-9 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineacetic acid, 4-[1-oxo-3-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)-2-propenyl-3-14C]-, ethyl ester, (2Z)-2-butenedioate (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 47588-13-6 CMF C20 H28 N2 O6

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & O \\ \parallel & O \\ \hline \\ EtO-C-CH2 & O \\ \hline \\ N-C-CH=14CH & OMe \\ \hline \\ OMe \\ OMe \\ \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 110-16-7 CMF C4 H4 O4

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 38420-54-1 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazine-2,5-14C2-acetic acid, 4-[1-oxo-3-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)-2-propenyl]-, ethyl ester, (2Z)-2-butenedioate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 47588-14-7 CMF C20 H28 N2 O6

EtO-C-CH₂ 
$$^{\text{H}_2}$$
  $^{\text{OMe}}$   $^{\text{OMe}}$   $^{\text{OMe}}$   $^{\text{OMe}}$   $^{\text{OMe}}$   $^{\text{OMe}}$   $^{\text{OMe}}$ 

CM 2

CRN 110-16-7 CMF C4 H4 O4

Double bond geometry as shown.

L30 ANSWER 22 OF 25 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:57488 USPATFULL

TITLE: Isotopically coded affinity markers 3

INVENTOR(S): Lerchen, Hans-Georg, Leverkusen, GERMANY, FEDERAL

REPUBLIC OF

Siegmund, Hans-Ulrich, Leverkusen, GERMANY, FEDERAL

REPUBLIC OF

Immler, Dorian, Leverkusen, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC

OF

Schumacher, Andreas, Erfringen, GERMANY, FEDERAL

REPUBLIC OF

Auriel, Daniel, Fallingbostel, GERMANY, FEDERAL

REPUBLIC OF

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE	
-				
PATENT INFORMATION: U	S 2005049406	<b>A1</b>	20050303	
APPLICATION INFO.: U	S 2004-494999	A1	20041029	(10)
We	O 2002-EP12105		20021030	

MANDED

		NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY	INFORMATION:	DE 2001-154	20011109
		DE 2002-102	20020729

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

JEFFREY M. GREENMAN, BAYER PHARMACEUTICALS CORPORATION,

400 MORGAN LANE, WEST HAVEN, CT, 06516

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

16 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

4 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

2051

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention concerns isotopically coded affinity markers (ICAT) for mass spectrometric analysis of proteins, and the preparation and use if

said markers.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 525587-68-2P 525587-70-6P 525587-72-8P

(preparation and N-deprotection of; preparation of isotopically-coded affinity

markers for mass spectrometric anal. of proteins)

RN 525587-68-2 USPATFULL

CN Carbamic acid, [2-[4-[[4-[[[4-(2,5-dihydro-2,5-dioxo-1H-pyrrol-1-yl)-1oxobutyl]amino-15N]acetyl-13C2]amino]acetyl-13C2]-1piperazinyl]oxoacetyl]-1-piperazinyl]-2-oxoethyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 2-A

piperazinyl]oxoacetyl]-1-piperazinyl-2,3,5,6-13C4-1,4-15N2]-2-oxoethyl], 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE. 2-A

RN 525587-72-8 USPATFULL

CN

Carbamic acid, [2-[4-[[4-[[[[4-(2,5-dihydro-2,5-dioxo-1H-pyrrol-1-yl)-1-oxobutyl]amino-15N]acetyl-13C2]amino]acetyl-13C2]-1-piperazinyl-2,3,5,6-13C4-1,4-15N2]oxoacetyl]-1-piperazinyl-2,3,5,6-13C4-1,4-15N2]-2-oxoethyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 2-A

PAGE 3-A

## IT 525587-69-3P 525587-71-7P 525587-73-9P

(preparation and coupling of, with biotin derivative; preparation of isotopically-coded affinity markers for mass spectrometric anal. of proteins)

RN 525587-69-3 USPATFULL

CN 1H-Pyrrole-1-butanamide-15N, N-[2-[[2-[4-[[4-(aminoacetyl)-1-piperazinyl]-2-oxoethyl-13C2]amino]-2-oxoethyl-13C2]-2,5-dihydro-2,5-dioxo-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 2-A

525587-71-7 USPATFULL

RN

CN 1H-Pyrrole-1-butanamide-15N, N-[2-[[2-[4-[[4-(aminoacetyl)-1-piperazinyl-2,3,5,6-13C4-1,4-15N2]oxoacetyl]-1-piperazinyl]-2-oxoethyl-13C2]amino]-2-oxoethyl-13C2]-2,5-dihydro-2,5-dioxo-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 2-A

RN 525587-73-9 USPATFULL

CN

1H-Pyrrole-1-butanamide-15N, N-[2-[[2-[4-[[4-(aminoacetyl)-1-piperazinyl-2,3,5,6-13C4-1,4-15N2]oxoacetyl]-1-piperazinyl-2,3,5,6-13C4-1,4-15N2]-2-oxoethyl-13C2]amino]-2-oxoethyl-13C2]-2,5-dihydro-2,5-dioxo-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 2-A

PAGE 3-A

### IT 525587-28-4P 525587-30-8P 525587-32-0P

(preparation and reaction of, with biotin derivative; preparation of isotopically-coded affinity markers for mass spectrometric anal. of proteins)

RN 525587-28-4 USPATFULL

CN 1H-Pyrrole-1-butanamide-15N, 2,5-dihydro-2,5-dioxo-N-[2-oxo-2-[[2-oxo-2-[4-(oxo-1-piperazinylacetyl)-1-piperazinyl]ethyl-13C2]amino]ethyl-13C2]-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 525587-27-3 CMF C22 H31 N7 O7

PAGE 2-A

CM 2

CRN 76-05-1 CMF C2 H F3 O2

RN 525587-30-8 USPATFULL

CN 1H-Pyrrole-1-butanamide-15N, 2,5-dihydro-2,5-dioxo-N-[2-oxo-2-[[2-oxo-2-[4-(oxo-1-piperazinyl-2,3,5,6-13C4-1,4-15N2-acetyl)-1-piperazinyl]ethyl-13C2]amino]ethyl-13C2]-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 525587-29-5 CMF C22 H31 N7 O7

PAGE 2-A

CM 2

CRN 76-05-1 CMF C2 H F3 O2

CN

RN 525587-32-0 USPATFULL

1H-Pyrrole-1-butanamide-15N, 2,5-dihydro-2,5-dioxo-N-[2-oxo-2-[[2-oxo-2-[4-(oxo-1-piperazinyl-2,3,5,6-13C4-1,4-15N2-acetyl)-1-piperazinyl-2,3,5,613C4-1,4-15N2-]ethyl-13C2]amino]ethyl-13C2]-, mono(trifluoroacetate)
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 525587-31-9 CMF C22 H31 N7 O7

PAGE 2-A

CM 2

CRN 76-05-1 CMF C2 H F3 O2

# IT 525587-24-0P 525587-25-1P 525587-26-2P

(preparation and regioselective N-deprotection of; preparation of isotopically-coded affinity markers for mass spectrometric anal. of proteins)

RN 525587-24-0 USPATFULL

CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 4-[oxo[4-[[[[([(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino-15N]acetyl-13C2]amino]acetyl-13C2]-1-piperazinyl]acetyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

RN 525587-25-1 USPATFULL

CN 1-Piperazine-2,3,5,6-13C4-1,4-15N2-carboxylic acid, 4-[oxo[4-[[[[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino-15N]acetyl-13C2]amino]acetyl-13C2]-1-piperazinyl]acetyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

RN 525587-26-2 USPATFULL

CN 1-Piperazine-2,3,5,6-13C4-1,4-15N2-carboxylic acid, 4-[oxo[4-[[[[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino-15N]acetyl-13C2]amino]acetyl-13C2]-1-piperazinyl-2,3,5,6-13C4-1,4-15N2]acetyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

### IT 525586-79-2P 525586-80-5P 525586-81-6P

(preparation of isotopically-coded affinity markers for mass spectrometric anal. of proteins)

RN 525586-79-2 USPATFULL

CN 1H-Thieno[3,4-d]imidazole-4-pentanamide, N-[4-[[[[2-[4-[[4-[[4-[[4-(2,5-dihydro-2,5-dioxo-1H-pyrrol-1-yl)-1-oxobutyl]amino-15N]acetyl-13C2]amino]acetyl-13C2]-1-piperazinyl]oxoacetyl]-1-piperazinyl]-2-oxoethyl]amino]thioxomethyl]amino]phenyl]hexahydro-2-oxo-, (3aS,4S,6aR)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

RN 525586-80-5 USPATFULL

CN 1H-Thieno[3,4-d]imidazole-4-pentanamide, N-[4-[[[[2-[4-[[4-[[[4-(2,5-

dihydro-2,5-dioxo-1H-pyrrol-1-yl)-1-oxobutyl]amino-15N]acetyl-13C2]amino]acetyl-13C2]-1-piperazinyl]oxoacetyl]-1-piperazinyl-2,3,5,6-13C4-1,4-15N2]-2-oxoethyl]amino]thioxomethyl]amino]phenyl]hexahydro-2-oxo-, (3aS,4S,6aR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 1-C

CN

RN 525586-81-6 USPATFULL

1H-Thieno[3,4-d]imidazole-4-pentanamide, N-[4-[[[[2-[4-[[4-[[[[4-(2,5-dihydro-2,5-dioxo-1H-pyrrol-1-yl)-1-oxobutyl]amino-15N]acetyl-13C2]amino]acetyl-13C2]-1-piperazinyl-2,3,5,6-13C4-1,4-15N2]oxoacetyl]-1-piperazinyl-2,3,5,6-13C4-1,4-15N2]-2-oxoethyl]amino]thioxomethyl]amino]phenyl]hexahydro-2-oxo-, (3aS,4S,6aR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 1-C

L30 ANSWER 23 OF 25 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 95:34186 USPATFULL

TITLE: Certain 1-methyl-piperidine-4-spiro-4'-(1'-3'-

oxazolines) and corresponding -(1',3' thiazolines)

INVENTOR(S): Fisher, Abraham, Holon, Israel

Segall, Yoffi, Ramat Hasharon, Israel

Shirin, Ezra, Tel Aviv, Israel Karton, Yishai, Ness Ziona, Israel Meshulam, Haim, Bat Yam, Israel

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Israel Institute for Biological Research, Ness Ziona,

Israel (non-U.S. corporation)

### Cordero-Garcia 10/822639

PATENT INFORMATION: US 5407938 19950418
APPLICATION INFO.: US 1993-137690 19931014 (8)

NUMBER

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 1991-685397, filed on 9 Apr

1991, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1990-507708, filed on 10 Apr 1990, now

KIND DATE

abandoned

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Rotman, Alan L. LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Darby & Darby

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 4
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1
LINE COUNT: 1356

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention relates to compounds (I) for treating diseases of the central and peripheral nervous system, including enantiomers, racemates and acid addition and quaternary salts, ##STR1## wherein Q is selected from two H atoms, (CH.sub.2).sub.m and C(CH.sub.3).sub.2 where m is 1, 2 or 3 and n and p are; each independently 0, 1, 2 or 3, provided that n+p=1-3, and R.sup.0 is H, methyl or OH; the moiety ##STR2## R is selected from H, NH.sub.2, NH-C.sub.1-6 -alkyl, N(C.sub.1-6 -alkyl).sub.2, C.sub.1-6 -alkyl, C.sub.2-6 -alkenyl, C.sub.2-6 -alkynyl, C.sub.3-7 - cycloalkyl, C.sub.1-6 -alkyl substituted by 1-6 halogen atoms, hydroxy- C.sub.1-6 -alkyl, C.sub.1-6 -alkoxy, C.sub.1-6 -alkylthio, C.sub.1-6 -alkoxy-C.sub.1-6 -alkyl, carboxy-C.sub.1-6 -alkyl, (C.sub.1-6 -alkoxy)carbonyl-C.sub.1-6 -alkyl, amino-C.sub.1-6 -alkyl, mono-(C.sub.1-6 -alkyl)amino-C.sub.1-6 -alkyl, di-(C.sub.1-6 -alkyl)amino-C.sub.1-6 -alkyl, 2-oxo-pyrrolidin-1-yl-methyl, aryl, diarylmethylol, and C.sub.1-6 -alkyl substituted by one or two aryl groups; R' is independently selected from the group from which R is selected and C.sub.1-6 -alkanoyl and arylcarbonyl; and aryl denotes unsubstituted phenyl or phenyl substituted by 1-3 substituents selected from halogen, C.sub.1-6 -alkyl, C.sub.1-6 -alkoxy and CF.sub.3, subject to certain provisos.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

IT 124620-97-9

(displacement from rat brain homogenate of, by spiro-oxathiolane/quinuclidine derivs.)

RN 124620-97-9 USPATFULL

CN 6H-Pyrido[2,3-b][1,4]benzodiazepin-6-one, 5,11-dihydro-11-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)acetyl]-, labeled with tritium (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L30 ANSWER 24 OF 25 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 89:87547 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Oxathiolanes

INVENTOR(S):

Fisher, Abraham, Holon, Israel Karton, Ishai, Ness-Ziona, Israel

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

State of Israel, Israel Institute of Biological

Research, Israel (non-U.S. government)

NUMBER	KIND	DATE	

PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

US 4876260 19891024 US 1988-189210 19880502 (7)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1987-114473, filed

on 28 Oct 1987, now abandoned

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER: LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Bond, Robert T.

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

Sheldon & Mak

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

43

1,9

LINE COUNT:

1306

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The present invention accordingly provides in one aspect, novel spiro-oxathiolane/quinuclidine compounds corresponding with the schematic structural formula (I) ##STR1## and geometrical isomers, enantiomers, diastereoisomers, racemates and acid addition salts thereof, wherein one of Y and Z is 0 and the other is S(.dbd.0).sub.n; n is 0, 1 or 2; R' and R" are each selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, hydroxyalkyl, aminoalkyl, C.sub.3-7 cycloalkyl, aryl, diarylmethylol, and alkyl substituted by at least one aryl group, provided that at least R' and R" is other than hydrogen; and each X is hydrogen, or when Y is 0 and Z is S(.dbd.0).sub.n simultaneously, then each X may also be selected from the group consisting of deuterium and tritium, and provided further that when each X is hydrogen, Y is 0 and Z is S simultaneously, then at least one of R' and R" is selected from the group consisting of alkenyl, alkynyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cycloheptyl, hydroxyalkyl and aminoalkyl.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

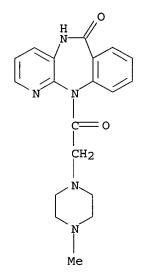
IT 124620-97-9

(displacement from rat brain homogenate of, by spiro-

oxathiolane/quinuclidine derivs.)

RN 124620-97-9 USPATFULL

CN 6H-Pyrido[2,3-b][1,4]benzodiazepin-6-one, 5,11-dihydro-11-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)acetyl]-, labeled with tritium (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



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Accession No. (AN): 2003:3385909 CHEMCATS

Catalog Name (CO): American Radiolabeled Chemicals: Product Listing

Publication Date (PD): 29 Jul 2003 Order Number (ON): ARC1285

Chemical Name (CN): TELENZEPINE, [14C]

CAS Registry No. (RN): 289623-58-1

Structure :

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